

Some Pages are numbered in back in right hand corner, in pencil.

p 3 spelling? Lama Drati OK

p4 Is onset right? - must study

p 11 PB left space for words - study (it's now 1st page following)

p12 ~~Is this para right?~~

p32 Spelling of Dinnaga? Look up this, and also "yogacharya"
in Sanskrit dict. in Lausanne

In a few days,

I will send the paras for this batch in an envelope marked I and the paras for Kajsas batch 1-10 and the batch 11- 28 which I gave you typed this summer in an envelope marked II

Awaiting
PB's reading
and possible
revision "

Read
and
Revise

Pages are numbered in back in right hand corner, in
serial.

9 7 spelling? James Brett

10 in case right?

11 78 left space for word -

12 is case same right?

13 spelling of dinner?

14
I will send the page for this page in an envelope
marked I and the page for James page I-10 and the
page 11-28 which I gave you typed this number in
an envelope marked II

() Lao-Tse says there will be no end to the work of reforming the world. Now since a man is part of the world, the same conclusion applies to the guru who would reform a disciple.

() Do not be over-critical with students. They need help, which is best given through positive affirmations, Short Path joy and radiant fulfilment.

() Not being tied to the canon of any system, he is free to let different forms appear before him and give him of their best.

()"The guru must be a living human - any other "being" with whom you might think yourself communicating would be imaginary. Nor can the teachings alone of a dead man, replace a guru since written teachings are always open to the interpretation of ego."

Chogyam Trungpa
Tibetan teacher

} Lao-Tse says there will be no end to the
 work of reforming the world. Now since a man is
 part of the world, the same conclusion applies to
 the guru who would reform a disciple.

{ Do not be over-critical with students. They
 need help, which is best given through positive
 affirmations. Short path joy and radiant fulfillment.

{ Not being tied to the canon of any system,
 he is free to let different forms appear before him
 and give him of their best.

{ "The guru must be a living human - any other
 "being" with whom you might think yourself communi-
 cating would be inanimate. For can the teachers
 alone of a dead can, replace a guru since written
 teachers are always open to the interpretation of

etc."

Chokya Trunpa
 Tibetan teacher

() Long ago Buddha stressed how insufficient is the ordinary human existence, how frustrating it often becomes, how petty and narrow its outlook shrinks down to.

() They are the benighted who live without knowledge of higher laws, any experience of higher consciousness, or any aspiration towards higher goals.

() Humans demean themselves by not caring for the dignity of their status, the ideals they ought to honour.

() A man must first of all be willing to acknowledge that he is living blindly, that he is only groping his way along.

() If the young persons in the past few years preferred to drop out of a competitive society, if they were content to be without status or goal, the reasons are worth noting, even if we do not approve of them.

I
() Long ago Buddha stressed how insufficient
is the ordinary human existence, how frustrating
it often becomes, how petty and narrow the out-
look shrinks down to.

() They are the denigrated who live without
knowledge of higher laws, any experience of
higher consciousness or any aspiration towards
higher goals.

() Humans demean themselves by not caring
for the dignity of their status, the ideals
they ought to honour.

() A man must first of all be willing to
acknowledge that he is living blindly, that
he is only groping his way along.

() If the young persons in the past few
years preferred to drop out of a competitive
society, if they were content to be without
status or goal the reasons are worth noting,
even if we do not approve of them.

() His judgements turn out to be misjudgements, and his caution to be indecision. Often this may be so, Alas! But this is the kind of wisdom which comes with failure or defeat; it embodies the hindsight which, too late to be of possible use except in the future, is the consequence after the event. How precious then would be the acquirement of two values to which the Quest may lead a man - calmness and intuition.

() Whoever consecrates his life to such a high endeavour must expect to pay a commensurate price.

() His Judgements turn out to be
 misjudgments, and his caution to be indolence.
 Often this may be so, Alas! But this is the
 kind of wisdom which comes with failure or
 defeat; it embodies the hindsight which, too
 late to be of possible use except in the future,
 is the consequence after the event. How precious
 then would be the attainment of two values
 to which the Quest may lead a man - calmness
 and intuition.

() Whoever commiserates his life to such
 a high endeavour must expect to pay a commensurate
 price.

() The young clearly see the safeguard in questioning authority but fail to see its peril.

() He belongs to no particular named, classified and indoctrinated group, and this keeps his own freedom while excluding none from his general goodwill. At the same time he stays open to truth and avoids the closed mind, fixed only on its own dogmas opinions and beliefs.

() It offers a goal which is not utopian and chimeric but is accessible, beneficial and uplifting to sincere aspirants.

() He has to be willing to work alone and to be sufficient to himself.

() Under the pressure of a materialistic environment aspiration may get enfeebled.

() The young clearly see the safeguard
 in questioning authority but fail to see its
 peril.

() He belongs to no particular named,
 classified and indoctrinated group and this
 keeps his own freedom while excluding none from
 his general goodwill. At the same time he stays
 open to truth and avoids the closed mind, fixed,
 only on its own dogmas opinions and beliefs.

() It offers a goal which is not utopian
 and chimeric but practical, beneficial and
 uplifting to sincere aspirants.

() He has to be willing to work alone and
 to be sufficient to himself.

() Under the pressure of a materialistic
 environment aspiration may get entangled.

() Self-instruction cannot be as correct and efficacious as instruction by an expert, a specialist or a fully experienced person who can also communicate adequately as a teacher.

() It is for beginners with their uncertain enthusiasms and their movement from system to system, guru to guru, book to book; not for the discriminating minority, to use the time in this desultory way.

() The high goals ^{with} which, at an impressionable and idealistic age, youth started adult life, have not remained. ^{many} They have settled for less. But not all did so. A minority has refound its way, the better way.

() A time comes in the intellectual growth of a man when he knows that he must put aside the trivialities of life and come to terms with the demands made upon him by his higher nature.

() Self-instruction cannot be as correct and efficacious as instruction by an expert, a specialist or a fully experienced person who can also communicate adequately as a teacher.

() It is for beginners with their uncertain enthusiasms and their movement from system to system, from to guru, book to book; not for the discriminating minority, to use the time in this devious way.

() The high goals which, at an impressionable and idealistic age, youth started adult life, have not remained. They have settled for less. But not all did so. A minority has refound its way, the better way.

() A time comes in the intellectual growth of a man when he knows that he must give up the trivialities of life and come to terms with the demands made upon him by his higher nature.

() In the earlier stages when only the direction was being revealed, and not the goal, it ought to have been enough for them to have seen that such a direction was not the correct one. So a spiritual seeker must learn some practical worldly lessons in Prudence but still more the difference between appearance and reality.

() The only man you need for this great work is yourself. Stop looking outside and look within, for there is not only the material to work upon but also the god within to guide you.

() Most people are simply not competent to select a guru properly; they are too governed by outer appearances, physical impressions and emotional reactions.

() He is left free to save or destroy himself, to accept the truth or turn his face away from it.

In the earliest stages when only the direction

was indicated and not the way to it, it is

found that the lines do not seem to be

the same as those seen in the ordinary

case of a simple harmonic motion.

One difference between the two is that

the lines are not equally spaced as in

the case of a simple harmonic motion.

In fact, the lines are more widely spaced

at the ends than in the middle.

This is due to the fact that the

velocity is not constant in a simple harmonic

motion, but varies sinusoidally.

It is found that the lines are

more widely spaced at the ends than in the

() It would be thought a vain labour to instruct others who do not want to learn, to point upwards when they prefer the plains.

() It would be thought a vain labour to
instruct others who do not want to learn, to
point upwards when they prefer the plains.

() It is not that he sees beauty where others see ugliness: on the contrary, he recognizes the place of ugliness and its inevitability in this Yin-Yang existence --but that he sees all things as a manifestation of divine Mind, including ugly things.

~~It is curious -- contrast and contradiction of Buddha banning music while Beethoven received divine exaltation from it. Buddha said it led astray; Beethoven said it led to God.~~ *this and thing*

() Much of Emerson's writing came from his intuition rather than from his intellect.

() It is the difference between real beauty and mere prettiness, between divine inspiration and practised competence, between a flower and the painting of it.

() ~~There is~~ The difference between degrading hearers and uplifting them as between raucous noise and true melody. is the same.

() The pillared arcades which transform a street, making it picturesque and giving it dignity, ought to be multiplied a hundred-fold.

() Mere splotches of pain ^t may be read for what they are, but not as a picture.

() It is not that he sees beauty where
 others see ugliness: on the contrary, he rec-
 ognizes the place of ugliness and its inevit-
 ability in this Yin-Yang existence -- but that
 he sees all things as a manifestation of
 divine Mind, including ugly things.

~~It is curious -- contrast and con-
 tradiction of Buddha's teaching and the
 Christian's teaching. Buddha said it led to
 led to led.~~

() Much of Emerson's writing came from
 his intuition rather than from his intellect.

() It is the difference between real
 beauty and mere prettiness, between divine
 inspiration and practiced competence, between
 a flower and the painting of it.

() ~~There is~~ the difference between de-
 grading hearers and uplifting them as between
 raucous noise and true melody.

() The pillared arches which trans-
 form a street, making it picturesque and
 giving it dignity ought to be multiplied a
 hundred-fold.

() Here epigrams of pain may be read
 for what they are, but not as a picture.

() It is curious - this contrast and contradiction of Buddha banning music and Beethoven receiving divine exaltation from it. Buddha said it led astray; Beethoven said it led to God. But analysis shows that most people were too tastless or weak or ignorant to be entrusted with such an influence and allowed to make their own discrimination between the degrading or exciting and the enobling or calming, so it was probably safer to ban music altogether. Besides, their time as monks could be better used in reflections and meditations, studies and practices.

It is curious - this contrast and
 contradiction of Buddha banning music and Beethoven
 receiving divine inspiration from it. Buddha said
 it led astray; Beethoven said it led to God. But
 analysis shows that most people were too restless
 or weak or ignorant to be entranced by music. Their
 own discrimination to make their own discrimination
 between the beguiling seducing and the soothing or
 calming, so it was probably safer to ban music
 altogether. Besides, their time as monks could
 be better used in reflection and meditation,
 studies and practices.

() Put briefly, the task is to work on his own consciousness until it becomes what it ought to be.

() He tries to keep steady watch of his thoughts and emotions, without letting this become a burden carried anxiously and wearily.

() What he knows and what he perceives will harmonise with, illustrate, or complete one another.

() It is ever latent in him, this thought of the Quest, rising to the surface consciousness at odd times, casually, but at the onset of a crisis insistently and powerfully.

The study, the top is to work of his new
conclusion that it is better to be

I am first to have done with it, I think
the matter, without having this done a paper
on the subject, I think

I think it is better to be done with it
the same, I think it is better to be done

I think it is better to be done with it
the same, I think it is better to be done
the same, I think it is better to be done

() Here in Switzerland it was wintry weather. The vines were bare, uncovered and unattractive. Now, nearly half a year has passed and the vines are thick with their green attractive clothes.

() The Hindus carry this admiration for a mountain even farther than we Europeans and Americans do; they revere it. Gods live on or within it in non-physical bodies; yogis find it the proper place for their meditations; it is indeed holy territory.

() The Indian Sadhu often has no fixed home. His roots are nowhere; his domicile is everywhere.

() Relaxing Exercise: Stand erect. Place weight on right foot. Then, keeping left leg straight, raise left foot in front as high as it will go, slowly. Lower foot slowly. Repeat exercise for right foot. Then raise each hand, describing arc in front of body, until hand is stretched at arms length over head, slowly, first with left hand then with right. This exercise relieves body tensions.

() Here in Switzerland it was windy weather. The vines were bare, uncovered and unattractive. Now, nearly half a year has passed and the vines are thick with their green attractive clothes.

() The Hindus carry this name for a mountain even farther than we Europeans and Americans do; they believe it. Gods live on or within it in non-physical bodies; you find it the proper place for their meditation; it is indeed holy territory.

() The Indian Buddha often has no fixed home. His roots are nowhere; his domicile is everywhere.

() Relaxing Exercise Stand erect. Place weight on right foot. Then, keeping left leg straight, raise left foot in front as high as it will go, slowly. Lower foot slowly. Repeat exercise for right foot. Then raise each hand, describing arc in front of body, until hand is stretched at arms length over head, slowly, first with left hand then with right. This exercise relaxes body tensions.

() In the beauty which Nature can offer man, he may find a catalyst to bring his feelings toward a loftier plane.

() We need to reserve both time and place for higher purposes. In that way both ideals and intuitions can begin to unfold themselves.

() If lost in admiration of a beautiful land or seascape we are stricken into silence we get a closer inner relationship with Nature than if we immediately make it into a conversation piece.

check
() One never tires of watching a spectacular sunset, they have turned one into a sun worshipper, a votary of the oldest religion in existence.

() So many people cannot tolerate being alone. This is mostly because of human gregariousness, but sometimes ^{it is} because they have no inner resources.

() In the beauty which Nature can offer
 man, he may find a catalyst to bring his
 feelings toward a loftier plane.

() We need to reserve both time and place
 for higher purposes. In that way both ideals
 and intuitions can begin to unfold themselves.

() If lost in admiration of a beautiful
 land or seascape we are stricken into silence
 we get a closer inner relationship with Nature
 than if we immediately make it into a con-
 versation piece.

*One who never tires of watching
 spectacular sunsets has been turned
 by them into a sun-worshiper, a votary of
 the oldest religion in existence.*

() So many people cannot tolerate being
 alone. This is mostly because of human eye-
 consciousness but sometimes because they have
 no inner resources.

() Day went back to the horizon whence it came and night came in its place.

() He must resist the interruptions of his privacy whether they be boorish or well-meant if they lead to interruptions of his peace.

() There are some sunsets which inspire ebullient joy and other ones which put us in a cathedral by their grave beauty.

() Alternations of violent storm, and mild sunshine, and widespread mist may cover this land, this south-west corner of Switzerland.

() Where tumult and clamour prevail, do not expect to hear the Overself's whisper as easily as where silence prevails.

() Day went back to the horizon whence
it came and night came in its place.

() He must resist the interruptions of
his privacy whether they be foolish or well-
meant if they lead to interruptions of his
peace.

() There are some sunsets which inspire
exultant joy and other ones which put us in
a cathedral by their grave beauty.

() Alternations of violent storm and wild
sunshine and widespread mist may cover this
land, this south-west corner of Switzerland.

() Where tumult and clamour prevail, do
not expect to hear the Overself's whisper as
easily as where silence prevails.

() Albert Schweizer: "The girl servant from Africa was unusually relaxed, slower in her movements; she did everything in the kitchen and work in the house slower than we did. She seemed to have more time than us. She walked more slowly than us. "At home (in Africa) we don't hasten" she explained.

() Robert ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...

III

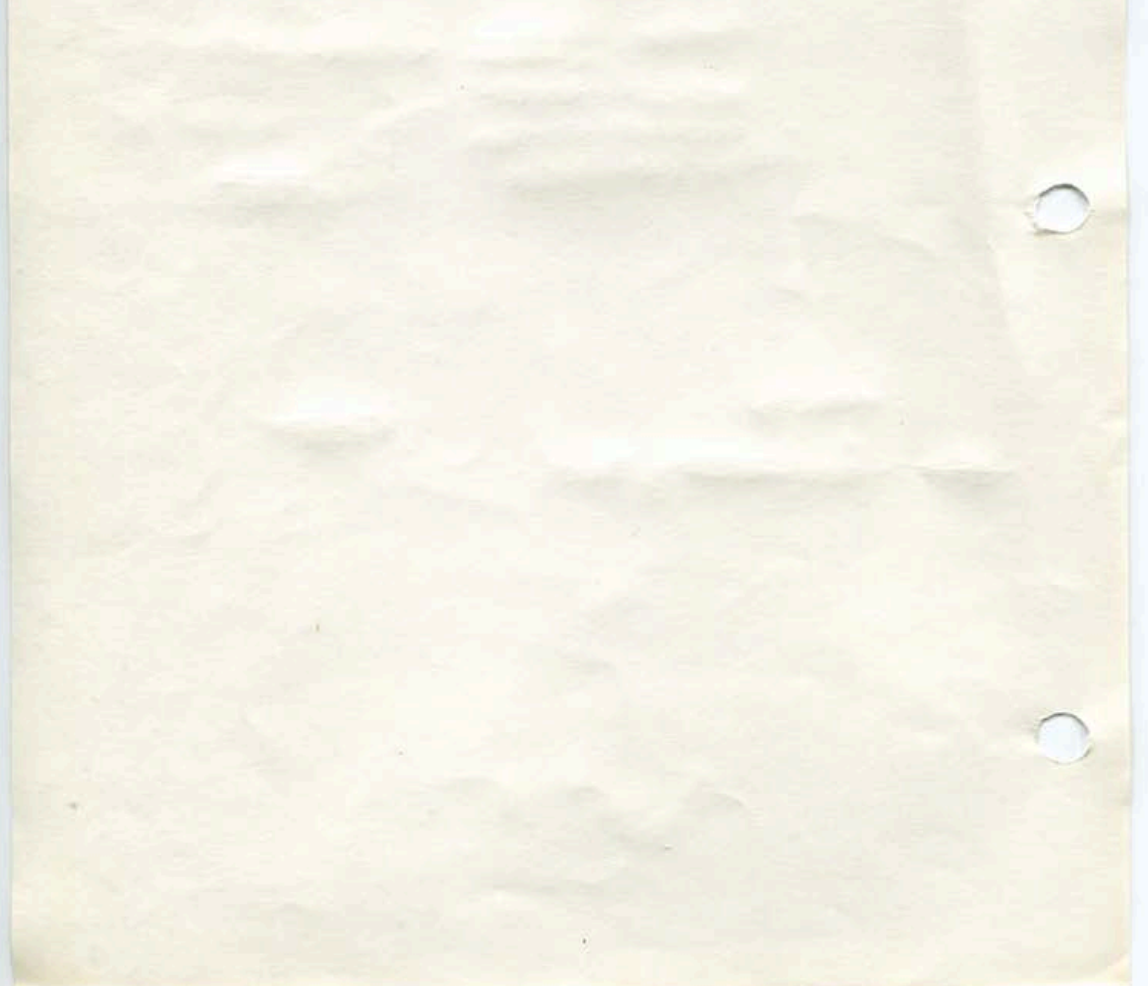
() Mixing two castes together may put both ill at ease. Father Maurus told the story of a monk at a Scottish monastery who one supper-time suddenly rose to his feet and smashed his platter over the head of the monk next to him. "He'd reached the breaking point. For twenty years he put up with the sound his neighbor made by sucking his soup."

Mixing two cases together may not be
ill at ease. Father Laines told the story of
a monk at a Scottish monastery who one
super-tide suddenly rose to his feet and
swung his platter over the head of the monk
next to him. "He'd reached the breaking
point. For twenty years he put up with the
ground his neighbor made by eating his
bread."

() Was there an unconscious knowledge of the 365-Day
 Meditation on the Setting Sun Exercise in Benjamin D'Israeli?
Israeli
 In his novel entitled Contarini Fleming, a psychological
 romance written in 1832, he makes Contarini sit at a window
 and watch the westering sun go down, with the consequence
 that he exclaims, "I felt a disgust for all the worldliness
 on which I had been lately pondering. And there arose in
 my mind a desire to create things beautiful."

III

() The first in chronological order of the three
 is the one on the subject of the history of the
 in his novel entitled Confessions of a Psychologist
 written in 1884, he takes a certain part of a kind
 and such the working out of the consequences
 that he explains, I felt a demand for all the
 on which I had been lately working, and these were in
 of mind a desire to create a new world.



() Their wishful expectations have a formative effect on whatever revelation or vision may happen to them.

() To squint lightly at the root of the nose, is another form of concentration. It is a help towards withdrawal^{ing} from the physical senses and entering either the psychic or the spiritual planes. The psychic pictures may be seen symbolic or literal, and clairvoyance^{may} develop. If these^{manifestations} are rejected, and attention^{is} drawn deeper into the void of space, freedom and joy may be felt. But if they are accepted,^{the} creative faculty of^{the} artist is unfolded.

() Meditation exercise: Lama Drati

1. Imagine a white dot in centre of forehead and keep attention held unmovingly on it for one hour. Or you can place it in heart. Better still imagine figure of Buddha projected in front of you, radiating white light. Or place the Buddha miniature sized on your head. All these are called exercises to attain one-pointed mind. Only after this attainment can you properly do the more advanced exercises.

() TMP Mahadevan: "This is one common characteristic of all the yogas", sanskrit ANTARDRISHTIH "the look-within, inwardness."

() Their wishful expectations have a formative effect on whatever revelation or vision may happen to them.

() To admit lightly at the root of the nose, in another form of concentration. It is a help towards withdrawal from the physical senses and entering either the psychic or the spiritual planes. The psychic pictures may be seen symbolic or life-real, and clairvoyance developed. If these are rejected, and attention drawn deeper into the void of space, freedom and joy may be felt. But if they are accepted, creative faculty of artist is withheld.

() Visualization exercise: Iama Prati
 I. Imagine a white dot in centre of forehead and keep attention held unwaveringly on it for one hour. Or you can place it in heart. Better still imagine figure of Buddha protected in front of you, radiating white light. Or place the Buddha miniature placed on your head. All these are called exercises to attain one-pointed mind. Only after this attainment can you properly do the more advanced exercises.

2.

() TMV Mahadevan: "This is one common characteristic of all the yogas", says Sri YOGANANDA "the look-within, inwardness."

() The posture for orthodox yoga, squatting, is to hold both head and spine upright, to keep the gaze lowered, and to place the left hand on the right hand. For my own practice I modify the above slightly by drawing the chin well in so that head and neck, although still held straight, incline forward a little, dervish-style. I do not trouble to doublecross the legs in lotus-seat, nor even singlecross in half lotus, but put right foot on gap below left kneejoint.

() In the mantram "Om Mani Padme Hum " inhale after first word.

() Bangkok Monastery Meditation Exercise:
The monks paced around very very slowly, slowly lifting a foot and consciously deliberately putting it down again for the next step. All the while they tried to keep the mind empty. The eyes were cast downward.

() When shutting eyes do so lightly, not tightly. Meditation with open eyes will bring onset when shut eyes will not, but vice versa also.

() Dalai Lama on Tibetan TANTRA:
"You push up Force through spine then lean backward mentally to meet it."

() The posture for orthodox yoga, squatting, is to hold both head and spine upright, to keep the gaze lowered, and to place the left hand on the right hand. For my own practice I modify the above slightly by drawing the chin well in so that head and neck, although still held straight, incline forward a little, *darshan-astha*. I do not trouble to doublecross the legs in lotus-seat, nor even doublecross in half lotus, but put right foot on top below left kneejoint.

() In the sutra "Om Mani Padme Hum" *inhalas* after first word.

() Banquet Monastery Meditation Exercise:
The monks passed around very slowly, slowly sitting a foot and consciously deliberately putting it down again for the next step - All the while they tried to keep the mind empty. The eyes were cast downward.

() When shutting eyes do so lightly, not tightly. Meditation with open eyes will bring cause when shut eyes will not, but vice versa also.

() Dalai Lama on Tibetan Taijits:
"You push up force through spine then lean back-
ward centrally to meet it."

() Those who honour the gift of philosophy must try to live in moral dignity as befits a higher way of life, namely the Quest.

() Muddled thinking and passional guidance show an adolescent level.

() It is said that necessity shapes its own morality. This is often true. But the exceptional man listens to a higher command.

() Feeling can be trained to become finer, more delicate, responsive to higher urges and ideals.

() Let him seek ethical and inward excellence while the lazy the careless or the wicked seek only self-gratification.

() If others persist in uttering negatives to him during conversation, he is entitled to have recourse to a polite inattention.

() Those who honour the gift of philosophy must try to live in moral dignity as beings of a higher way of life, namely the Quest.

() Muddled thinking and pastoral guidance show an adolescent level.

() It is said that necessity shapes its own morality. This is often true, but the exceptional man listens to a higher command.

() Feeling can be trained to become finer, more delicate, responsive to higher urges and ideals.

() Let him seek ethical and inward excellence while the lazy the careless or the wicked seek only self-gratification.

() If others persist in uttering negatives to him during conversation, he is entitled to have recourse to a polite invitation.

() He habituates the mind constantly to return to this theme, this high truth, which supports and inspires it.

() When this daily withdrawal becomes a congenial part of the program involved in living, as natural and necessary, as satisfying as any other human need, meditation will be successful sooner or later.

() We really do have enough time for meditation - if only we would take the time!

() The importance of meditation has by now been stressed in many books, lectures and teachings. It is primarily a practice and needs much patience but also some self-discipline, some accompaniment of study, preparation, and purification.

() () The habituates the mind constantly to return to this theme, this high truth, which supports and inspires it.

() () When this daily withdrawal becomes a permanent part of the program involved in living, as natural and necessary, as satisfying as any other human good, meditation will be successful sooner or later.

() () We really do have enough time for meditation - if only we would take the time!

() () The importance of meditation has not been stressed in many books, lectures and seminars. It is primarily a practice and needs much patience but also some self-discipline, some arrangement of study preparation and purification.

() This generation has given fresh life to a largely forgotten concept - meditation.

() In this matter of meditating with eyes open or shut he may follow his inclination, but generally the start is easier if they are shut.

() Meditation is no longer limited to a few Christian monasteries and oriental ashrams but has spread among laymen around the world.

() In this withdrawn state, even though he still looks with open eyes at the world outside, in reality he sees very little of it.

() Alas! his thoughts wander like vagabonds. Again and again he must restrain them.

() "To be in Mental Quiet is to observe the mind's own nature" wrote Lao-tse.

1. The first step in the process is to identify the problem.

2. The second step is to define the objectives of the study.

3. The third step is to design the research methodology.

4. The fourth step is to collect and analyze the data.

5. The fifth step is to draw conclusions from the findings.

6. The sixth step is to report the results of the study.

7. The seventh step is to evaluate the research process.

8. The eighth step is to disseminate the findings.

9. The ninth step is to apply the findings to practice.

10. The tenth step is to conduct further research.

11. The eleventh step is to maintain the research records.

12. The twelfth step is to ensure the ethical standards.

13. The thirteenth step is to collaborate with other researchers.

14. The fourteenth step is to stay updated with the latest research.

15. The fifteenth step is to contribute to the field of study.

() The skill which comes of long continued practice is his reward.

() The skill which comes of long continued
practice is his reward.

() Hilaire Belloc, who reserved his contemplation of the Divine for the evenings and for candle-light, found it was one of the suitable times.

1. The first part of the document is a letter from the
author to the editor of the journal. The letter is dated
the 15th of the month of the year 1950.

() He is lodged in a physical body: if he tries to ignore it or to minimize its importance, a time will come when it will forcibly or powerfully remind him where he is.

() The body is there; it has existence, life, and, above all, inescapable needs. Let it not be despised, for we must use its services. But let it not conquer us and stifle our aspirations.

() in the center of the circle is the
of which is the center of the circle, a line will
be drawn from the center to the circumference
of the circle.

() in the center of the circle is the
of which is the center of the circle, a line will
be drawn from the center to the circumference
of the circle.

The practice of breath control (pranayama) may be viewed in terms of its goals, the means to attain them, and possible misuses of the practice.

Goals of breath control include:

To reduce the number of wandering thoughts.

To stop wandering thoughts completely.

Potential production of a glimpse.

Lengthening of a glimpse, if obtained, and

Bringing about a glimpse if lost.

The most common means of achieving these goals through breath practices are dual, and include: the holding of the breath for short, safe periods, and the equalizing of the in and out breaths.

Dangers of breath control, if improperly practiced, include: holding the breath for too long a period, causing a feeling of suffocation; the arising of noticeable pressure on the heart, and; a feeling that the lungs are about to burst. These warnings do not imply waiting to suspend practice until the problem occurs. It is more prudent to stop before the danger line is reached.

The practice of breath control (pranayama) may be viewed in terms of its goals, the means to attain them, and possible mishaps of the practice.

Goals of breath control include:

- To reduce the number of wandering thoughts.
- To stop wandering thoughts completely.
- Potential production of a glimpse.
- Lengthening of a glimpse, if obtained, and
- Retaining about a glimpse if lost.

The most common means of achieving these goals through breath practices are diaphragm, and individual, the holding of the breath for short, safe periods, and the equalizing of the in and out breaths.

Dangers of breath control, if improperly practiced, include: holding the breath for too long a period, causing a feeling of suffocation; the arising of noticeable pressure on the heart, and; a feeling that the lungs are about to burst. These warnings do not imply waiting to expand practice until the problem occurs. It is more prudent to stop before the danger line is reached.

() Raja Yoga practice tries to make the incoming and outgoing breaths longer, as well as to increase the time of stopping the breathing process.

() Entering a room, going to a chair or walking in a street should not be done by a soul-guided man too quickly or too violently. It is ungraceful and unspiritual in appearance, while disturbing mentally. Gentle leisurely movements are more suitable.

(Raja Yoga practice tries to make the in-
 coasting and outcoasting practice longer, as well as to
 increase the time of stopping the breathing process.

(Entering a room, going to a chair or walking
 in a street should not be done by a soul-guided man
 too quickly or too violently. It is unattractive and
 unspiritual in appearance, while disturbing mentally.
 Gentle leisurely movements are more suitable.

() Muhammed declared, "Verily, God will not change the condition of men till they change what is in themselves".

() The tough, harsh analyses of one's own errors should not end there, should not terminate in agonised self-torment. It must be counter-balanced by positive attitudes.

() Happiness is not easily reached. There are obstacles within us and without us.

() It is questionable whether family love is a break out of the ego's shell or merely an extension of self. More often perhaps it is a mixture of both.

() Counsel which opposes the feelings is too often wasted counsel.

1. The first part of the report deals with the general situation of the country and the position of the various groups.

2. The second part of the report deals with the economic situation and the measures taken to improve it.

3. The third part of the report deals with the social situation and the measures taken to improve it.

4. The fourth part of the report deals with the political situation and the measures taken to improve it.

5. The fifth part of the report deals with the cultural situation and the measures taken to improve it.

() "Convict our pride of its offence in all things,
even penitence".

W. H. Auden

() The romantic aureole which young persons put
around love, the demands made on it for that which it
cannot give, point to the need of maturer instruction.
Yet there is a relationship where two can grow in vir-
tues side by side, learning wisdom from one another
harmonising more and more with each other. But this
calls for self-control, eliminating negatives, culti-
vating positives.

() It is true that a face may proclaim the possessor's character, but it is also true that often only a part of this character is revealed and that the hidden part is, schizophrenically, of an opposite kind.

() The degradation of man and the humiliation of his spirit follows all too soon if he behaves mentally as an animal.

() The practice of nipping negative impulses, reactions and feelings in the bud, at their very start, improves character and removes obstacles to inner alignment.

() What, in a general way, is missing in his development as a human being moving on from animality to a higher Awareness must be supplied.

() Romantic but infantile emotion does not help a person.

1. It is true that a large number of cases are
reported, but it is also true that only a part of
this material is reported. The reason for this is
that the material is not reported in full.

2. The material of the cases is not reported in
full. The reason for this is that the material is
not reported in full.

3. The material of the cases is not reported in
full. The reason for this is that the material is
not reported in full.

4. The material of the cases is not reported in
full. The reason for this is that the material is
not reported in full.

5. The material of the cases is not reported in
full. The reason for this is that the material is
not reported in full.

() The inner attitude can and should be changed. Make an effort to see negative emotions as fruitless. They block the way towards truth. Intelligence is not enough. There must also be a decision to let the emotions go.

() The need to cultivate inner equilibrium is more important to him than to those who are far from the Quest. For at times he will be under the sway of one mood but at other times under a different one.

() I was astonished at the number of those who failed to see any spiritual value in good manners. They were unaware that it had any higher meaning and ^{thought it} unworthy of a philosophical status.

() Let others look for the second-rate and third-rate; let him be more discriminating, more fastidious, and seek the best alone.

() The inner attitude and should be changed. Make an effort to see negative emotions as fruitless. They block the way towards truth. Intelligence is not enough. There must also be a decision to let the emotions go.

() The need to cultivate inner equilibrium is more important to him than to those who are far from the Quest. For at times he will be under the sway of one mood but at other times under a different one.

() I was astonished at the number of those who failed to see any spiritual value in good manners. They were unaware that it had any higher meaning and unworthy of a philosophical status.

() Let others look for the second-rate and third-rate; let him be more discriminating, more fastidious, and seek the best alone.

() He must train the mind to subdue the passions and keep its equilibrium so that they do not block his higher aspirations.

() As men grow in character and behaviour or improve in way of living, they will naturally become more refined and less vulgar in feelings and tastes.

() Whatever will bring out the best in him should be cultivated.

() Who dare say that a man's judgements and decisions remain faultless throughout his lifetime? The most astute of men may slip and commit the most ludicrous of blunders. And where is the man who is utterly free from personal shortcomings?

() The worthlessness of the constant repetition of desires and attachments which lead to birth after birth - sex and survival being the strongest. The need is to root them out and search for Nirvana.

() He must train the mind to subdue the passions and keep its equilibrium so that they do not block his higher aspirations.

() As man grows in character and behavior or improves in way of living, they will naturally become more relaxed and less violent in feelings and tastes.

() Whatever will bring out the best in him should be cultivated.

() Who dare say that a man's judgments and decisions remain fallible throughout his lifetime? The most serious of men may slip and commit the most inexcusable of blunders. And where is the man who is utterly free from personal shortcomings?

() The worthlessness of the constant repetition of desires and attachments after *Sentence fragment* after birth - sex and survival being the strongest. The need is to root them out and search for Nirvana.

() No one can avoid sometimes reacting badly to outer experiences or circumstances, but the aspirant should not react without trying to practice self-control.

() Criticism of others should be benevolent, constructive and suggestive, firm yet sympathetic.

() He may aspire to the goodness of an angel, but, if no effort and no self-discipline support his aspiration, he will progress less than he expects to.

() Human nature being what it is at this stage, human weaknesses and foibles, shortcomings and tendencies, angers, etc., get into most lives, affecting, influencing or disturbing them.

() It is wiser to pass by these sneers in dignified silence than to descend to the level of those behind them and respond in anger.

() No one can avoid sometimes reacting badly to outer experiences or circumstances, but the aspirant should not react without trying to practice self-control.

() Criticism of others should be benevolent, constructive and suggestive, firm yet sympathetic.

() He may aspire to the goodness of an angel but if no effort and no self-discipline support his aspiration, he will progress less than he expects to.

() Human nature being what it is at this stage, human weaknesses and foibles, shortcomings, attachments, aversions etc., get into most lives, affecting influence or disturbing them.

() It is wiser to pass by these aversions in dignified silence than to descend to the level of those behind them and respond in anger.

() The intellectual faculty cannot give the higher experience of enlightenment but it can point the way. It can describe the necessary disciplines and report on the methods to use. Finally it can bow its head in surrender to contemplation, once the grand.

This statement on the way to..... ought not be read too coldly and matter-of-fact. For behind it lies a quest, an adventure, a story of passage to an unfamiliar but fascinating world.

() The intellectual faculty cannot give
 the higher experience of enlightenment but it
 can point the way. It can describe the necessary
 disciplines and report on the methods to use.
1st par. needs a final word?
 Finally it can bow its head in surrender to
 contemplation, once the grand

This statement on the way to..... ought not
 be read too coldly and matter-of-fact. For
 behind it lies a quest, an adventure, a story
 of passage to an unfamiliar but fascinating
 world.

() Why speak with muffled voice when bold plain clear statement is needed?

() These ideas are obscure enough in themselves; why then cover them still farther by using obscure language?

() Whoever presents such ideas must be ready to offer the evidence for them, to validate them with sufficient reasons, to defend them with sufficient facts.

() It is ultimate accomplishment in inspired prose.

() Why speak with muffled voice when bold
plain clear statement is needed.

() These ideas are obscure enough in them-
selves; why then cover them still farther by
using obscure language.

() Whoever presents such ideas must be
ready to offer the evidence for them, to validate
them with sufficient reasons, to defend them
with sufficient facts.

() It is ultimate accomplishment in inspired
prose.

() There may be a more expressive term, but this will serve for the present.

() Thoughts keep the mind occupied, petty most of the time, grave some of the time.

() What is the significant word in this statement?

() Some metaphysicians mostly write for each other, which is why the outside public find them hard reading.

() Opinion may be informed by knowledge through intellect or inflamed by prejudice through emotion.

() Cleverness may be admired but cunning is reprehensible.

() It has become almost a dead phrase.

() There may be a more expressive term
but this will serve for the present.

() Thoughts keep the mind occupied, petty
most of the time, save some of the time.

() What is the significant word in this
statement?

() Some metaphysicians mostly write for
each other, which is why the outside public
find them hard reading.

() Opinion may be informed by knowledge
through intellect or inflamed by prejudice through
emotion.

() Cleverness may be admired but cunning
is reprehensible.

() It has become almost a dead phrase.

() The paper lies passive, waiting to receive the inked symbols of rational thought, or, if lucky, of intuitive thought.

() Because there is no room in philosophic study for naiveté or gullibility, and those who suffer from these mental disabilities should first get cured.

() Those who assert this are merely engaging in rhetoric.

() Without experience of the subject the theorist may not know what he is talking about.

() The man who looks around at his corner of the universe and finds the purpose of it all utterly incomprehensible, is duplicated everywhere.

() Time has given this word an overlay of meaning which renders it easily misinterpreted.

VII () The paper lies passive, waiting to receive
the linked symbols of rational thought, or, if
lucky, of intuitive thought.

() Because there is no room in philosophy
study for nervous or glibly and those who
suffer from these mental disabilities should
first get cured.

() Those who assert this are merely engaging
in rhetoric.

() Without experience of the subject the
theorist may not know what he is talking about.

() The man who looks around at his corner
of the universe and finds the purpose of it
all utterly incomprehensible, is deluded
everywhere.

() This has given this word an overlay
of meaning which renders it easily misunderstood.

() A.B. suggests that it is nonsense to advice questers to kill, rize above or abandon the ego. This is an impossible task, for what is going to carry on their life in the world?

() A.B. suggests that it is nonsense to advise
questers to kill, rise above or abandon the ego.
This is an impossible task, for what is going to
carry on their life in the world?

() Should he attempt to repudiate what is the strongest part of himself - the ego, - he is likely to find how strongly attached are his desires. He has transferred the object of his attentions from the worldly sphere to the spiritual sphere, but the ego is still active. When his meditation comes to the threshold of Truth he stops, terrified by the feeling that he is losing his very self. His little personal world is the subject that really interests him.

() The personal ego is not a metaphysically permanent thing. But it is a practical working tool which serves the convenient purpose of personal identification. It need not be denied. Why call it non-existent, a fictitious entity, while making full use of it?

() Can the ego's stubborn tyranny be overcome? Can it transcend itself?

() The ego is defiant, cunning and resistant to the end.

1. Should be able to identify the main points of the report
 and be able to explain them in their own words.
 2. Should be able to identify the main points of the report
 and be able to explain them in their own words.
 3. Should be able to identify the main points of the report
 and be able to explain them in their own words.
 4. Should be able to identify the main points of the report
 and be able to explain them in their own words.

5. Should be able to identify the main points of the report
 and be able to explain them in their own words.
 6. Should be able to identify the main points of the report
 and be able to explain them in their own words.
 7. Should be able to identify the main points of the report
 and be able to explain them in their own words.
 8. Should be able to identify the main points of the report
 and be able to explain them in their own words.

9. Should be able to identify the main points of the report
 and be able to explain them in their own words.
 10. Should be able to identify the main points of the report
 and be able to explain them in their own words.

() The I-sense is changeless and is always there so long as thoughts and feelings appear. It is those moods and which shift from one change to another, not the "I" itself.

() The body's sense-organs demand satisfactions, but at the root of their desires is the ego, a whorl of emotional-mental tendencies.

() The I-sense is channelless and is always there so long as thoughts and feelings appear. It is those moods and which shift from one change to another, not the "I" itself.

() The body's sense-organs demand satisfaction, but at the root of their desires is the ego, a whirl of emotional-mental tendencies.

() Much depends on what meaning we put to this word "self". We can put a lesser or a larger one, a shallow or a deeper one, a false or a true one.

() No one who lacks these attributes and faculties can be regarded as fully a man, in the sense of life's evolutionary intention.

() His aim, being the contrary of most people's aims, he tries to depersonalise his attitudes and reactions. What relief he feels with even partial freedom from the burden of self-consciousness. How heavy a load is borne by those who see, sense or react with ego-centered nervousness.

() The ego is the shadow-self accompanying the light-self, or Overself. The ego holds all that is dark in the man's character.

() Much depends on what meaning we put to this word "self". We can put a lesser or a larger one, a shallow or a deeper one, a false or a true one.

() No one who lacks these attributes and faculties can be regarded as fully a man in the sense of life's evolutionary intention.

() His aim, being the contrary of most people's aims, he tries to depersonalize his attitudes and reactions. What relief he feels with even partial freedom from the burden of self-consciousness. How heavy a load is borne by those who see, sense or react with ego-centered nervousness.

() The ego is the shadow-self accompanying the light-self, or Overself. The ego holds all that is dark in the man's character.

() Is it true that most men suffer from mistaken identity? That they are totally ignorant of the beautiful and virtuous, the aspirational and intuitive nature which is their higher self? The apathy which allows them to accept their lesser nature, their commonplace little self, must be found out for what it is?.

() Is it true that most men suffer from
mistaken identity? That they are totally ignorant
of the beautiful and virtuous, the aspirational,
and intuitive nature which is their higher self?
The apathy which allows them to accept their
lesser nature, their commonplace little self,
must be found out for what it is.

() Is the ego entirely annihilated or is it transfigured, becoming its own higher octave?

() To advise a man always to remove the ego when considering a situation where a moral judgement is needed is fatuous and futile. It is like telling a man to lift himself up by his own trouser braces.

() The influences of climate and geography, class and family, education and occupation are always present although in different measures.

() The ego sees its own picture of the world, coloured by its own characteristics, and contained within its own limitations. Because of that it seldom sees people as they really are.

() Each one is tightly enclosed in his ego, which dictates his thought and action and keeps out the unwelcomed truth.

() Is the ego entirely annihilated or is it transmuted, becoming its own higher octave?

() To advise a man always to remove the ego when considering a situation where a moral judgement is needed is fatuous and futile. It is like telling a man to lift himself up by his own bootstraps.

() The influences of climate and geography, class and family, education and occupation are always present although in different measures.

() The ego sees its own picture of the world, coloured by its own characteristics and contained within its own limitations. Because of that it seldom sees people as they really are.

() Each one is tightly enclosed in his ego, which distorts his thought and action and keeps out the unworlded truth.

() Driven by passion and deluded by romance, the young will have to drink their wine, have it turn sour on them often until they weary of the repetition and turn away to a correct balance.

() To nullify the ego is the only way to perceive and identify his real being.

() The ego can mask its desire for power and prominence with a concern for the service of humanity.

() The little ego naturally frets about its future.

() We have to accept the fact that most people have an immense capacity for being quite comfortable within the limits of the ego, and have no wish to get away from them to a higher level.

() () Driven by passion and deluded by romance,
 the young will have to drink their wine, have
 it turn sour on them often until they weary
 of the repetition and turn away to a correct
 balance.

() () To nullify the ego is the only way to
 perceive and identify his real being.

() () The ego can mask its desire for power
 and prominence with a concern for the service of
 humanity.

() () The little ego naturally frets about
 its future.

() () We have to accept the fact that most
 people have an immense capacity for being quite
 comfortable within the limits of the ego, and
 have no wish to get away from them to a higher
 level.

() A Buddhist method of driving away obstructing spirits is to snap the fingers around the head for a while and uttering the mantram "PHAT" ("crack"). This method is also used as part of the deathrite at moment of soul's departure from the body.

() A Buddhist method of driving away negative-
 ting spirits is to pass the fingers around the
 head for a while and uttering the mantram "PHAT"
 ("crack"). This method is also used as part of the
 desirite at moment of soul's departure from the
 body.

() A choice which is thrust upon a man by circumstances is no choice at all.

() His situation in the world is highly paradoxical, at once comic and tragic; comic because he knows that he is not so sure of himself as he appears to others, tragic because he does not know if adversity's sudden blows will miss him and strike others.

() Until he attains this level errors may still be made. Even the way may be lost for a time. Until then he needs to work diligently and vigilantly. But help comes at times.

() The moral width between human beings is unbelievably great, measuring from monstrous cruelty to selfless kindness. Why is this so? Again we must look to the doctrine of reincarnation and its twin teaching of karma, and the length of the history of previous lives which lies behind human beings.

A second thing is that the...
...at all.

...in the...
...that is...
...to...
...will...

...the...
...will...
...the...
...at...

...the...
...relatively...
...to...
...the...
...hand, ...
...will...

() We humans and those ⁿ animals pass through many lifetimes.

() Their hates shift from one group to another; the hatred is in their own character and does not end when its first object or enemy is removed.

() He understands that all these events are all part of his karma.

() There are enough enforced limitations to each life that whoever claims he possesses complete freedom of will and choice is neither stupid nor wise ⁻ merely mad.

() The forces of adverse karma will come to collect their dues.

() Who dare^s assert that man is totally free, whether outwardly or inwardly?

1. The first of these is the fact that the

1940s

2. The second of these is the fact that the

3. The third of these is the fact that the

4. The fourth of these is the fact that the

5. The fifth of these is the fact that the

6. The sixth of these is the fact that the

7. The seventh of these is the fact that the

8. The eighth of these is the fact that the

9. The ninth of these is the fact that the

10. The tenth of these is the fact that the

11. The eleventh of these is the fact that the

12. The twelfth of these is the fact that the

13. The thirteenth of these is the fact that the

() Those who talk of human freedom to alter the course of things should beware of their words. They are constrained not only as adults but as children and still more as embryos. Only the measure of their freedom and the extent of this constraint varies.

Inwardly there is more freedom for thoughts to create attitudes, but outwardly there is more constraint. Basically all situations are subject to the World Idea, that is to say in popular religious language, The Divine Will.

() Those who talk of human freedom to alter
 the course of things should beware of their
 words. They are constrained not only as adults
 but as children and still more as embryos.
 Only the measure of their freedom and the extent
 of this constraint varies.

Inwardly there is more freedom for thoughts,
 to create attitudes, but outwardly there is
 more constraint. Basically all situations are
 subject to the World Idea, that is to say in
 popular religious language, The Divine Will.

() Each is limited by what is possible for his own particular personality, but as against this each has untapped inner resources.

() Truth twisted into service of the lower purposes or even the evil forces must be carefully inspected, analysed and lastly corrected or rejected.

() Lord Beaconsfield more than a century ago asserted that a man, by his own exertions, could extricate himself from any given circumstances. But is this always so?

() He may plan action in a particular way but the intervention of events may force him to do otherwise.

() Each is limited by what is possible
 for his own particular personality, but as
 against this each has untrapped inner resources.

() Truth twisted into service of the lower
 purposes or even the evil forces must be care-
 fully inspected, analyzed and justly corrected
 or rejected.

() Lord Beaconsfield more than a century
 ago asserted that a man, by his own exertions,
 could extricate himself from any given circum-
 stance. But is this always so?

() He may plan action in a particular way
 but the intervention of events may force him
 to do otherwise.

() If the physical body has a limb amputated, the etheric body remains whole. If an eye is removed the etheric eye remains untouched, whole.

() It is not medicine to heal sick bodies but often poison to suppress visible symptoms while harming the body elsewhere.

1. If the physical test has a high percentage, the

physical test remains high, if an eye is tested, the

percentage remains unchanged, since

2. It is not possible to get a low percentage test often

because the physical test is high, the physical test

is high.

() The fleshy body is surrounded by an ovoid form which is not visible to normal sight. However through special filters and lenses it may often become visible as the kirilian effect. This form is composed of energies allied to electro-magnetic ones. It is appropriately called the vital body since it reveals the presence of a living creature and also its health, sickness and the condition of its organs.

() The living body is surrounded by an outside
 form which is not visible to normal sight. However
 through special filters and lenses it may often
 become visible as the Kirlian effect. This form is
 composed of energies allied to electro-magnetic
 ones. It is appropriately called the vital body
 since it reveals the presence of a living creature
 and also its health, sickness and the condition of
 its organs.

() Whether they call it evil and sin with the Christians, or ignorance and immaturity with the Hindus, or insufficiency of the good with the Platonic thinker or weakness and failure with the ..
or the blindness of materialism with
the presence of deplorable or
horrible or criminal tendencies need not be denied.
They are in the world, but then, other better nobler
and purer tendencies are also there.

() Whether they call it evil and fight with the
 Christians, or ignorance and immaturity with the
 Hindus, an insufficiency of the good with the Pis-
 tonic thinner or weakness and failure with the . .
 of the blindness of materialism with
 the presence of despair or
 horrors or original tendencies need not be denied.
 They are in the world but their better natures
 and finer tendencies are also there.

() It seems that there is evil in the world, but why? What bad men have done ~~as~~^{is} to let their evil grow like a noxious weed too large and their good too little, whereas good men have cultivated a high proportion of goodness. There is no absolute evil. It is truer to talk of absolute good for that is there first. Why? Because God is there first. Men came later and broke the divine laws little by little. They created their own evil consequences. Or for different reasons they harm others and have later to suffer for it.

The Mongols mounted on their shaggy ponies, brought terror to Europe when they touched Vienna and took Constantinople. But wait...their leaders met Buddhism and turned to it, lost their evil ways and became peaceful.

() Why are so many novels built around black misery, diseased minds, sadistic behaviour, decaying manners, macabre plots and evil characters?

() In a world seething with negative thoughts, murky in several areas with suspicion and even hatred, inflamed with violent feelings, he who knows the truth must hold all the more to inner and outer calm, ^{to} good-will and faith in the Overself's presence.

(()) It seems that there is evil in the world,
 but why? What bad men have done as to let their evil
 grow like a noxious weed too large and their good
 too little, whereas good men have cultivated a high
 proportion of goodness. There is no absolute evil.
 It is the lower law of absolute good that in
 their first. Why? Because God is there first. Man
 came later and broke the divine law little by little.
 They created their own evil consequences. Of for
 different reasons they harm others and have later
 to suffer for it.

The Negroes mounted on their angry ponies,
 brought terror to Europe when they reached Vienna
 and took Constantinople. But wait... their leaders
 got Buddhaism and turned to it, lost their evil ways
 and became peaceful.

() Why are so many novels built around black
 misery, disease, death, and evil characters?
 because nature gives and evil characters?

() In a world seething with negative thoughts,
 away in several areas with suspicion and even
 hatred, inflamed with violent feelings, he who knows
 the truth must hold all the more to inner and outer
 calm, good will and faith in the Overalls a pro-
 ceed.

() To be born and brought up in an atmosphere of high thinking and wide searching - this is the chance which reincarnation gives a man.

() He needs to be astute in dealing with negative minded persons, aggressive persons, hostile persons.

() To be born and brought up in an atmosphere of
 high thinking and wide searching - this is the
 chance which reincarnation gives a man.

() He needs to be astute in dealing with nega-
 tive minded persons, aggressive persons, hostile
 persons.

() It is better to make efficient yet beautiful things than those which are only functional, better to provide serviceable yet handsome towns than those which offer shelter alone.

() Immature persons can only make a marriage that is itself immature.

() If some persons found him withdrawn into himself, so difficult to know, so reticent in speech, others found him friendly, amiable and considerate.

() One day the event itself will seem quite remote.

() I have enjoyed the company of the inspired and reflected over meetings with the famous.

() It is easy to be a monk who keeps nothing beyond what he needs, and who needs nothing beyond a robe, a girdle, a bowl, sandals and food. It is a complex harder problem to be what I am, a mixture of several - including a kind of monk - amalgamated into one.

() No system is likely to be better than those who administer it, while it is likely to be worse.

() If it is better to make efficient yet beautiful things than those which are only functional, better to provide serviceable yet handsome things than those which offer shelter alone.

() Immature persons can only make a marriage that is itself immature.

() If some persons found his withdrawn into himself, so difficult to know, so reticent in speech, others found his friendly, amiable and considerate.

() One day the event itself will seem quite remote.

() I have enjoyed the company of the inquired and reflected over meetings with the famous.

() It is easy to be a monk who keeps nothing beyond what he needs, and who needs nothing beyond a robe, a stick, a bowl, sandals and food. It is a complex matter to be what I am, a mixture of several - including a kind of monk - amalgamated into one.

() No system is likely to be better than those who administer it, while it is likely to be worse.

() In these matters authority is acceptable, its office value and services acknowledged, but only if its past history and present activity prove worthy.

() They are preoccupied with the past, the advances they want are all backward into the Middle Ages.

() It is not only the systems which count but also the men who operate them.

() It found its way to the crumpled pages of my much travelled notebooks.

() There is no need to overstate the case, as beginners and enthusiasts are inclined to do.

() It is a merciless, even a monstrous attitude to take up.

() In these matters authority is respectable,
the office value and services acknowledged, but only
if the past history and present activity prove
worthy.

() They are preoccupied with the past, the
advances they want are all backward into the Middle
ages.

() If in not only the systems which count but
also the men who operate them.

() It found its way to the crumpled pages of
my much traveled notebooks.

() There is no need to overstate the case,
as beginners and casualists are inclined to do.

() It is a marvel, even a monstrous attitude
to take up.

() When scepticism goes too far it hinders the way to truth and fails to help it.

() It is better to take one's own decisions independently. ^{This is not the case, however,} ~~but only~~ if one feels too incapable of thinking out an issue, ^{or} too ill-informed about it, ^{or} too vacillating to make up one's mind on its pros and cons.

() We may admire a man greatly but just as greatly we may not desire to be in his company.

() When after the act of dying I shall be carried away to my own star, to Sothis of the Egyptians, and Sirius of the Westerners I shall at last be happy.

() The insignificant-looking man will suffer in various ways but there are some compensations for his small stature.

() To gamble one's own happiness by making it depend wholly on someone else is perilous.

() Is there some particular purpose in my birth here? Is it all mere coincidence? Must we doubt, deny, even reject God? These are some of the questions a thoughtful man might ask himself.

() When specialists come too far it hinders the way to truth and fails to help it.

() It is better to take one's own decisions independently, but only if one feels too incapable of thinking out an issue. Too little informed about it, too vacillating to make up one's mind on its pros and cons.

() We may admire a man greatly but just as greatly we may not desire to be in his company.

() When after the act of dying I shall be carried away to my own star, to Sophia of the Egyptians, and Sibus of the Westermans I shall at last be happy.

() The insignificant-looking man will suffer in various ways but there are some compensations for his small stature.

() To people one's own happiness by making it depend chiefly on someone else is perilous.

() Is there some particular person in my birth here? Is it all mere coincidence? What we doubt, deny, even reject God? There are some of the questions a thoughtful man might ask himself.

() The religious metaphysical systems and philosophies of India were conceived and constructed centuries ago by people mostly born and raised in a torrid oppressive climate. Some of them escaped to the foothills of the Himalayas to write the most important texts. The general tendency was to indulge in lofty meditation, ^{to} or excel in metaphysical abstract thought, or to dream, argue, debate with much subtlety.

() There is a need to develop flexibility by practicing the shift of attitudes, to see why others hold their beliefs, and to be able to stretch one's own thought so as to enter sufficiently into theirs. This produces sympathetic understanding, but the opposite critical judgement must not be forsaken.

() The religious metaphysical systems and philosophies of India were conceived and constructed centuries ago by people mostly born and raised in a torrid oppressive climate. Some of them engaged to the localities of the Himalayas to write the most important texts. The general tendency was to indulge in lofty meditation or excel in metaphysical abstract thought or to dream up debate with much subtlety.

() There is a need to develop flexibility by practicing the skill of attitudes, to see why others hold their beliefs and to be able to stretch one's own thought so as to enter sufficiently into theirs. This produces sympathetic understanding, but the opposite critical judgment must not be forsaken.

() If we begin at some time to wonder at the starred sky and go on to speculate at our human destiny, there will be moments when a feeling rises that there must be something behind it all. They pass and mystery engulfs us again.

() We perceive objects and experience events.

() As adults people express their disappointment with the world by taking to drink, drugs, Buddhism or pessimism and, as babies, on entering it by repeatedly crying!

() Both attitudes are required for a proper result - the idealistic which looks to a new and better future, the practical which recognizes the limitations of its heritage from the past.

() Few men should take the risk of being too sure of themselves, or too certain that their views are the last word. Life may lead them into chastening experiences.

() How few are the housewives who can rise from petty to noble considerations. Nor are they blameworthy, for the details they must attend to and work with are many, ^{and} the pressures and demands are not less.

() If we begin at some time to wonder at the
 started sky and go on to speculate at our human
 destiny, there will be moments when a feeling rises
 that there must be something behind it all. They
 pass and mystery engulfs us again.

() We perceive objects and experience events.

() As adults people express their disappoint-
 ment with the world by taking to drink, drugs,
 Buddhism or generalism and, as babies, on entering
 it by repeatedly crying!

() Both attitudes are required for a proper
 result - the idealistic which looks to a new and
 better future, the practical which recognizes the
 limitations of the heritage from the past.

() Few men should take the risk of being too
 sure of themselves, or too certain that their views
 are the last word. Life may lead them into chaste-
 nity experiences.

() How few are the housewives who can take
 even petty or noble considerations. How are they
 dissatisfied for the details they must attend to and
 work with are many. The pressures and demands are
 not less.

() Whether he renounces or indulges the world's attractions, a man should follow either act by serious reflection.

() He is baffled at the start of life, still baffled in the middle, and even at the end. The enigmas of life are too much for most people so they leave such matters to **philosophers.**

() A single mistake may offset previous triumphs or start a downhill slide into further mistakes.

() There are decisions which subsequent events prove to be wrong ones. It is then his duty to turn them into valuable tutors.

() If age brings a certain measure of reticence, even of caution, there is good reason for the development. And this lies in the mistakes made, the self-deceptions practised and the weaknesses exhibited.

() Even the harshness of personal bitternesses tends to diminish with ripe old age as the man sees and feels how his own life is so far diminished.

() Whatsoever he renounces or indulges the world's
 attractions, a man should follow either act by serious
 reflection.

() He is called at the start of life, still
 called in the middle, and even at the end. The
 changes of life are too much for most people so
 they leave such matters to philosophers.

() A single mistake may effect previous triumphs
 or start a downhill slide into further mistakes.

() There are decisions which subsequent events
 prove to be wrong ones. It is then his duty to turn
 them into valuable errors.

() It is wrong a certain measure of reflection,
 even of doubt, there is good reason for the dove-
 footed. And this lies in the mistakes made, the
 self-deceptions practiced and the weaknesses exhibi-
 ted.

() Even the bareness of personal bitterness
 leads to diminish with ripe old age as the man sees
 and feels how his own life is so far distanced.

() Throw out the idea of coincidence. Remember there is a World-Idea. There is meaning in life, in its events, happenings, karmas, meetings and opportunities.

() The harsh critic who rejects philosophy finds it nothing more than a bundle of words. But the sincere practitioner of many years experience finds it life-giving and soul-refreshing.

() He knows well enough, what youth often ignores, that he is only a temporary visitor in this sublunary world. Yet he does not make that an excuse either for materialistic hedonism or grave ^epassivism.

() He may not find all the answers to his questions, but what he does find will make his life more bearable.

() It is an economy of effort to take advantage of other men's efforts in the same direction; Why reject them merely because they come from outside?

() There would be more peace in countries and between nations, in families and between neighbors if people stopped meddling in other people's affairs or interfering in each other's lives or fanatically forcing their doctrinaire ideas and beliefs where these are repugnant.

() Throw out the idea of coincidence. Reason-
 der there is a World-Idea. There is meaning in life,
 in its events, happenings, forms, meetings and
 opportunities.

() The barren critic who rejects philosophy
 finds it nothing more than a bundle of words. But
 the sincere practitioner of many years experience
 finds it life-giving and soul-refreshing.

() He knows well enough, what years often
 teach, that he is only a temporary visitor in
 this ordinary world. Yet he does not make that an
 excuse either for materialistic hedonism or grave
 pessimism.

() He may not find all the answers to his
 questions, but what he does find will make his life
 more beautiful.

() It is an economy of effort to take advantage
 of other men's efforts in the same direction. Why
 reject them merely because they come from outside?

() There would be more peace in countries and
 between nations, in families and between neighbors
 if people stopped meddling in other people's affairs
 or interfering in each other's lives or fanatically
 forcing their doctrinaire ideas and beliefs where
 these are requested.

() Age steals into our lives and robs us of
a precious possession, time.

() Are these into our lives and tops us of
a precious possession, time.

() The suffering of the rich cannot be put on the same level as the suffering of the poor, for the rich have compensations which are unavailable to the poor.

() Will a man ever gain wisdom from all these buffetings and lurrings, knocks and delights?

() "Life is suffering" he quoted from Buddha, his face becoming as sombre as his words.

() Old age may bring more self-centredness, more selfishness, a life going stale.

() Men complain that living in the modern city and having to work much of the day actively for their own or family support, tends to make them materialistically inclined against their wish. This certainly is the tendency in many countries and certainly makes thought of a more idealistic kind of life harder to fulfil. But are they to submit tamely and defeated? Are there no sources of help and resources of their own to which they can turn?

() The suffering of the rich cannot be put on the same level as the suffering of the poor, for the rich have compensations which are unavailable to the poor.

() Will a man ever gain wisdom from all these sufferings and injuries, losses and deprivations?

() "Life is suffering" he quoted from Buddha, his face becoming as somber as his words.

() Old age may bring more self-consciousness, more selfishness, a life going stale.

() How complain those living in the modern city and having to work much of the day actively for their own or family support, funds to make them existentially independent amongst their kind. This certainly is the tendency in many countries and certainly makes thought of a more idealistic kind of life harder to fulfill. But are they to succumb to family and defectors? Are there no sources of help and resources of their own to which they can turn?

() The interest ⁱⁿ making or ⁱⁿ seeing good pictures among classes previously indifferent towards them, is in a way a symptom of every man's search for spiritual integrity; and is another signal of his ^{half-aware} ^{it} ^a dissatisfaction with a merely materialistic life. Beauty in art and Nature is one side of spiritual appearance which, through the ages, has in poems, stories, pictures, drawings and sculptures attracted man. But because it is so subtle and our perceptions so obscured, we find it first only in the forms of Nature, then in the forms of art and finally in the intangible experiences of the deepest feeling.

What calls forth man's attraction toward fair scenes is, in the end nothing other than the exquisite beauty of the spiritual link which he there has with God. This is why the productions of talented artists are to be welcomed and valued, but of course only to the extent that they are responses to this inspired call from within.

() The difference between creative art and the sterile copying of art is to be learnt by sitting humbly at the feet of the higher Self.

(() He does not, like many artists, need the incense of public admiration to be burnt before him.

() The interest making or seeing good pictures among classes previously indifferent towards them, is in a way a symptom of every man's search for spiritual intensity; and is another sign of his belated dissatisfaction with a merely materialistic life. Beauty in art and Nature is one side of spiritual appearance which, through the ages, has in needs stories, pictures, dramas and sculptures attracted man. But because it is so subtle and our perceptions so obscured, we find it first only in the form of Nature, then in the form of art and finally in the intangible experiences of the deepest feeling.

What calls forth man's attraction towards art occurred at the end of the other than the explicit beauty of the spiritual link which he there has with God. This is why the productions of talented artists are so welcomed and valued, but of course only to the extent that they are responsive to this inspired call from within.

() The difference between creative art and the artistic copying of art is to be learned by sitting humbly at the feet of the Master. Still.

() He does not, like many artists, need the increase of public attention to be burnt before his.

() "The myth of Orpheus and Euridice imposes on Orpheus' rescue of his wife one condition: he must not, as he leads her up from the underworld, look back." (Brophy). Also in Terrasson's novel "Sethos", the account of the initiation in Mystery of Isis stipulates: "Whoever goes through this passage, and without looking behind him... shall be nettled to prepare his mind for the revelation of mysteries of the great goddess Isis." This is an inscription in the subterranean passage under the pyramid in the novel (Sethos, 18th cent. mystic novel by Abbé Terrasson.) A similar admonition is given in A Search In Secret Egypt: "The High Priest bade me follow him a little way down the passage. 'Look not backwards' he warned me, 'nor turn thy head.'

(IXa) There is a particular moment while a person is dying when the Overself takes over the entire process, just as it does when he is falling asleep. But if he clings involuntarily and through inveterate habit, to his smaller nature, then he is only partly taken over, the remainder is imprisoned in his littleness.

() "The myth of Orpheus and Eurydice" appears on Orpheus' rescue of his wife one condition: he must not, as he leads her up from the underworld, look back." (Brophy). Also in Tertmann's novel "Etrusca", the account of the initiation in Mystery of Isis explains: "Whoever goes through this passage, and without looking behind him... shall be entitled to prepare his mind for the revelation of mysteries of the great goddess Isis." This is an initiation in the subterranean passage under the pyramid in the novel (Gardner, 18th cent. mystic novel by Abbé Tertmann.) A similar admission is given in a German in Secret Egypt: "The highest path we follow him a little way down the passage. 'Look not backwards,' he warned me, 'nor turn thy head.'

() There is a particular moment while a person is dying when the Overself takes over the entire process, just as it does when he is falling asleep. But if he clings involuntarily and through inveterate habit to his material nature, then he is only partly taken over, the remainder is imprisoned in his littleness.

() In poetry and music, in art and literature they may find a measure of consolation.

() As fascinating as a Greek colonnade is a Muhammedan arcade: both are beautiful structures.

() The artist who loves to create beauty or reproduce Nature's for its own inspiring sake is closer to the quest than he knows.

() Beauty of form without nobility of soul misleads its beholders.

() Some events happen to a man or some people come into this life to stand as symbols representing a truth of human existence generally, or a fact of inner life, or a principle of ethical, moral or karmic law. It offers a lesson, or a warning, or an instruction or challenge.

() In poetry and music, in art and literature they may find a measure of consolation.

() As fascinating as a Greek colonnade is a Mohammedan arcade; both are beautiful structures.

() The artist who loves to create beauty or reproduce Nature's for its own inspiring sake is closer to the great than he knows.

() Beauty of form without nobility of soul raises its holders.

() Some events happen to a man or some people come into this life to stand as symbols representing a truth of human existence generally, or a fact of inner life, or a principle of ethical, moral or psychic law. It offers a lesson, or a warning, or an instruction or challenge.

() Wilde's highly-colored paradox-loving alliterative style degenerated from being a means into becoming an end. (Truth was sacrificed to style.)

() There are passages in the King James Bible and in the Sanskrit texts, whose solemn beauty is not easy to match.

() A class of younger modern authors and playwrights, take delight in shocking their audiences by frequent references to the genitals of the body or its evacuatory process.

() Gladys Cooper: "The 'Method' is nonsense about an actor having to 'live' a part - I'd have been a murderess, suicide, and drunk if I 'd lived all my parts. Acting is not being somebody else, but of seeming to be somebody else. You only play a part outwardly towards the audience; but to keep control of yourself on the stage you've obviously got to stay outside what you are doing."

() The artist or poet who is highly inspired has a chance to find God.

() The creative poet, writer or artist who meditates, even for a short while, before his work begins gains proportionately in the visible results.

() Wilde's highly-colored paradox-loving
 alternative style degenerated from being a means
 into becoming an end. (Truth was sacrificed to
 style.)

() There are passages in the King James Bible
 and in the Sanskrit texts, whose solemn beauty is
 not easy to catch.

() A class of younger modern authors and play-
 wrights take delight in shocking their audiences
 by frequent references to the contents of the body
 or its excretory process.

() Eliza Cooper: "The Nation is concerned
 about an actor having to 'live' a part - I'd have
 been a murderous suicide and drunk if I'd lived
 all my parts. Acting is not being somebody else,
 but of seeming to be somebody else. You only play
 a part outwardly towards the audience; but to keep
 control of yourself on the stage you've obviously
 got to play outside what you are doing."

() The artist or poet who is highly inspired
 has a chance to find God.

() The creative poet writes or artist who
 meditates, even for a short while, before his work
 begins gains proportionately in the visible results.

() Work on such themes inspires a writer, a thinker or a teacher, as work on the higher levels of art must inspire the creative artist.

() If an artistic style renders great ideas to seem greater still, let us honour it for the enrichment given us.

() Have the talents of authors, playwrights, producers, actors and actresses to be used for no better purpose than to corrupt the morals and ridicule the ideals of their audiences?

() The aesthetic aberrations which are offered to the public as works of art show, first, a misuse of language, second, a blatant commercialism, third, a soulless materialism, fourth, an affinity with lunacy, and lastly, a cynical contempt for all the finer ideals of humanity.

() It is not only inspiration or intuition which is needed but also training or technique. The first leads to spontaneous creation, a natural act coming of itself, but the second shapes and buttresses the form.

() Work on such themes inspires a writer, a thinker or a teacher, as work on the higher levels of art must inspire the creative artist.

() If an artistic style renders great ideas in even greater clarity let us honour it for the enrichment given us.

() Have the winners of awards, playwrights, producers, actors and actresses to be used for no better purpose than to corrupt the morals and viti-
cate the ideals of their audiences?

() The esoteric speculations which are offered to the public as works of art show, first a misuse of language, second a blatant commercialism, third a soulless materialism, fourth, an affinity with luxury and lastly a cynical contempt for all the finer ideals of humanity.

() It is not only inspiration or intuition which is needed but also training or technique. The first leads to spontaneous creation, a natural act coming of itself, but the second shapes and dis-
cerns the form.

() In scholarship, in the arts, in precious classics of poetry and literature and music wide-ranging over the entire world and back to ancient eras, not deserting the latest knowledge of science, he will find nourishment for his mind and feelings. Culture, real education, makes man man, puts him over animal.

() Must we become barbarians in order to become spiritualized? Must we deny all the pleasures of civilized living, all culture, art, literature, to find the Overself?

() Artistic genius if purely technical alone is praiseworthy but insufficient. Without the communion with his Overself the artist cannot find or give the best, cannot fulfil the supreme service for himself and others.

() This feeling will come up at times. He should respect it by patiently allowing it the largest freedom to grow.

() The composer of musical or poetical works whose imprimatur is high genius will not easily be forgotten. His service is rendered anew with every performance or reading as the sense of its presence is kindled afresh.

() In scholarship, in the arts, in precious
 classics of poetry and literature and music wide-
 ranging over the entire world and back to ancient
 times, not despoiling the latest knowledge of science,
 he will find nourishment for his mind and feelings.
 Culture, real education, makes man man, puts him
 over animal.

() Must we become barbarians in order to
 become spiritualized? Must we deny all the sciences
 of civilized living, all culture, art, literature,
 to find the Over-soul?

() Artistic genius is purely technical alone
 in pretentiousness and insincerity. Without the com-
 munion with his Over-soul the artist cannot find or
 give the best, cannot fulfill the highest service
 for himself and others.

() This feeling will come up at times. He
 should respect it by patiently allowing it the
 freest freedom to grow.

() The composer of musical or poetical works
 whose inspiration is high genius will not easily be
 forgotten. His service is rendered anew with every
 performance or reading as the sense of its presence
 is kindled afresh.

() They are not absolutely necessary to the quest; they may be left out of it if desired; but they give important assistance to it and are therefore usually incorporated with it.

() When Nature's beauty or man's arts moves a man deeply he should be grateful for their help and appreciate their service. But he ought not stop there. Let him use them as aids to transcend his present level and come closer to the god within him.

() In the choired singing of a Russian church, in the Sanskrit chanting of a Hindu ashram, the Soul of bhakti finds a magnificent outlet.

() Shakespeare has been justly praised^s and admired for his extraordinary dramatic genius and for its unusual breadth of subject. "Unique", we exclaim. And on the few occasions when he allowed a little philosophy to creep in and interrupt the story we begin to wonder whether Francis Bacon really did write the plays.

How did the same man come to create so brilliant a play as "The Merchant of Venice" and then stuff it with such narrow, rabid and unkindly prejudice? How could he fall into the common superstition which, for over a thousand years led to widespread intolerance and persecution?

() They are not absolutely necessary to the quest; they may be left out of it if desired; but they give important assistance to it and are therefore usually incorporated with it.

() When Nature's beauty or man's arts move a man deeply he should be grateful for their help and appreciate their service. But he ought not stop there. Let him use them as aids to transcend his present level and come closer to the God within him.

() In the choired singing of a Russian church, in the Sanskrit chanting of a Hindu priest, the soul of Chakti finds a magnificent outlet.

() Shakespeare has been justly praised and admired for his extraordinary dramatic genius and for the general breadth of subject. "Unique" we exclaim. And on the few occasions when he allowed a little philosophy to creep in and interrupt the story we begin to wonder whether Francis Bacon really did write the plays.

How did the same man come to create so brilliant a play as "The Merchant of Venice" and then result it with such narrow, rigid and unkindly prejudice? How could he fall into the common superstitious snare. For over a thousand years had to widespread intolerance and persecution?

() It is the task of a creative thinker to give out new ideas.

() There are truths which do not easily declare themselves, which hide or resist so that they must be dug for. But that is precisely where an inspired book can help the seeker so much. And then when the discovery is made, when the jewel is found, it can be added for his greater enrichment.

() The indescribable mystical content of a poem or picture is given to the delicate sensitivity of the man who undertakes to provide the outer form which it takes. Without feeling it is nothing, without depth its measure is slight. And of course the whole result grows under the warmth of tender love.

() The false feminine prettiness which cosmetic manufacturers and considerable advertising have created, the pretence of beauty where there is little or none, is another symptom of the sickness of our era.

() When creative art is truly inspired, it comes close to being sacramental.

() It is the task of a creative thinker to give
out new ideas.

() There are truths which do not easily declare
themselves, which hide or resist so that they must
be dug for. But that is precisely where an inspired
cook can help the seeker so much. And then when the
discovery is made, when the jewel is found, it can
be added for his greater enrichment.

() The indescribable mystical content of a
poem or picture is given to the beholder essentially
of the man who undertakes to provide the outer form
when it takes. Without feeling it is nothing,
without depth its measure is slight. And of course
the whole result grows under the watch of leader
love.

() The idealistic practices which cosmetic
manufacturers and cosmetic advertising have
created, the presence of beauty where there is
little or none is another symptom of the sickness of
our era.

() When creative art is truly inspired, it
comes close to being sacramental.

() Once W.B. Yeats wrote in admiration of Sankara's teaching. But in middle age he married and later revised his views and then wrote: "Ah, how many years it has taken me to awake from out of that ~~dream~~!"

() Even the finest compositions in literature, art or music must fail him at this point, for they cause him to look outside. And he must look for the strength to continue, the support during tragedy, inside himself.

() This faculty of admiration, properly used and rightly directed, may become a way of inner communion. Music, sunset^s, landscapes are, among others, fit objects.

() When put into living phrases, clear and strong, they may stimulate the reader to higher endeavours.

() There are great hymns which gifted composers have put out in the world. They are benedictions to mankind.

() We may take delight in the beauties of this natural world, while at the same time, remembering poignantly their doom - a fragile brevity that will wither and disintegrate in the end.

() Once W.B. Yeats wrote in admiration of
 Senkara's teaching. But in middle age he married
 and later revised his views and then wrote "An
 how many years it has taken me to wake from out
 of that dream!"

() Even the finest compositions in literature,
 art or music must fall flat at this point, for they
 cannot hit to look outside. And he must look for the
 strength to continue, the support during tragedy,
 inside himself.

() This faculty of admiration, properly used
 and rightly directed, may become a way of inner
 communion. Music, sunset landscapes are, among
 others, fit objects.

() When put into living process, clear and
 strong, they may stimulate the reader to higher
 endeavors.

() There are great poems which gifted composers
 have put out in the world. They are benedictions
 to mankind.

() We may take delight in the beauties of this
 natural world, while at the same time, remembering
 poignantly their doom - a tragic brevity that will
 winer and disintegrate in the end.

() Despite the fine work put forth by our European masters, it has yet to reach the level of vitality in colouring attained by old China.

() The theatre, its modern forms and associated arts - like poetry and painting - can be used to elevate thoughts instead of sensualizing them.

() Creative art demands concentration if it is to be taken seriously. This is achieved by entering at least a half-meditation.

() No nation can call itself truly civilized which does not value and encourage the teaching, the practice and/or the appreciation of the arts. The needs of modern industry and commerce keep multitudes imprisoned in the cities, severed for much or most of their time from actual contact with Nature. Those talented persons who put a landscape or seascape into a picture, enable the others to enjoy this contact mentally in their own private room or in a public gallery, until such time as they can enjoy it physically. It offers a special stimulus towards the latter.

() A noble piece of writing can serve those who are receptive to its message by cleansing their hearts and uplifting their minds.

() Despite the fine work put forth by our Euro-
pean masters, it has yet to reach the level of vita-
lity in coloring attained by old China.

() The theatre, its modern forms and associated
arts - like poetry and painting - can be used to
elevate thought instead of sensualizing them.

() Creative art demands concentration if it is
to be taken seriously. This is achieved by entering
at least a half-meditation.

() No nation can call itself truly civilized
which does not value and encourage the teaching,
the practice and/or the appreciation of the arts.
The needs of modern industry and commerce keep multi-
tudes imprisoned in the cities, severed for such or
most of their time from actual contact with Nature.
Those talented persons who put a landscape or sea-
scape into a picture, enable the others to enjoy
this contact mentally in their own private room or
in a public gallery, until such time as they can
enjoy it physically. It offers a special stimulus
towards the latter.

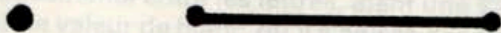
() A noble piece of writing can give those who
are receptive to its message by cleansing their
hearts and uplifting their minds.

() The need of aesthetic surroundings which once was felt by few is today felt by many more. With the democratic spread of education this is as it should be; this is an evolutionary gain. This is one area where the craving for beauty can satisfy itself. What is still needed is a refinement of this craving, of the taste it engenders to the border of elegance. With the desertion of vulgarity and grossness must come the appreciation of quality and refinement.

() The need of aesthetic surroundings which
 once was felt by few is today felt by many more.
 With the democratic spread of education this is as
 it should be; this is an evolutionary gain. This is
 one area where the craving for beauty can satisfy
 itself. What is still needed is a refinement of
 this craving, of the taste it engenders for the
 higher of elegance. With the banishment of vulgarity
 and grossness must come the appreciation of quality
 and refinement.

COSMOGONY IN FAR-EASTERN SYMBOLISM

() Out of the great No-thing, which is the Void, arises that which is symbolically and mathematically the single point. It is the first appearance within space and time.



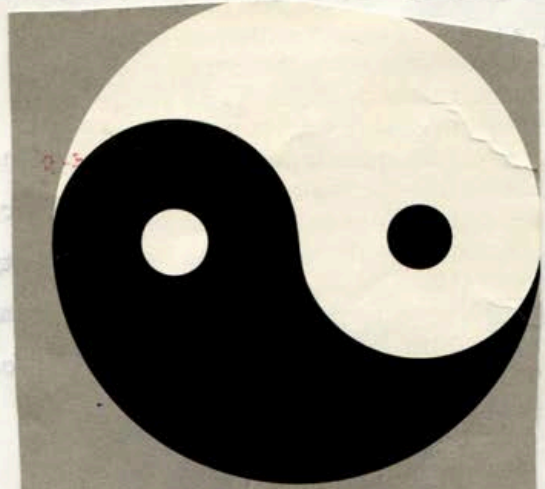
This point turns itself into the line, whose two ends oppose and compliment each other. This is the cosmic symbol of universal polarity, called by the Chinese Yin-Yang, or masculine-feminine, positive and negative, projective and receptive, creation and disintegration.



The next phase of this dynamic active process is, still speaking symbolically, the development which spreads itself out into the entire Cosmos itself, like a fan, moving by itself as if by magic.

Out of their own thinking the Greeks developed somewhat similar mystical, metaphysical and mathematical ideas whose geometry^{is} based on the point, the line, the plane, and the solid.

Out of the Great No-thing, which is the Void
arises that which is symbolically and mathematically
the single point. It is the first appearance within



15 Altkinesisches Symbol des Yin und des Yang.
Le symbole chinois du Yin et du Yang.
Old Chinese symbol of the Yin and the Yang.

is, still speaking symbolically, the development
which proceeds itself out into the entire Cosmos
itself, like a fan, moving by itself as it by magic.
Out of their own thinking the Greeks developed
somewhat a new system, metaphysical and mathematical
ideas whose geometry based on the point, the line,
the plane, and the solid.

() It is not a matter of geography, not finding the particular longitude and latitude which can give the revelation, nor a matter of temperature ... a high degree on the thermometer for South India and a low one for the Himalayas.

() The Tamil children, their long black hair glistening in the sun, play in the village streets.

() The refined class among Orientals once looked on Euroamerican dance forms as near to obscenity, and immorality, certainly as expressive of or stimulating to, the sexual passions.

() Is this the answer to the Sphinx's riddle, that man's consciousness comes from an unknowable Source? Or is it that this consciousness, freed from its animal inheritance and human confusions, is itself that Source? The initiate into the Egyptian Mysteries was given the answer.

() Their 'spiritual raptures' are on the surface, frothy emotional affairs.

() It is not a matter of geography, not finding the particular longitude and latitude which can give the revelation, not a matter of temperature ... a high degree on the thermometer for South India and a low one for the Himalayas.

() The Tamil children, their long black hair streaming in the sun, play in the village streets.

() The refined class among Orissians once looked on Euro-American dance forms as near to obscenity, and immorality, certainly as expressive of or stimulating to, the sexual passions.

() Is this the answer to the Sphinx's riddle, that man's consciousness comes from an unknowable source? Or is it that this consciousness, freed from its animal inheritance and human constraints, is itself that source? The inquiry into the Egyptian Mysteries was given the answer.

() Their spiritual ruptures, are on the surface, from essential efforts.

() The translation of Bhagavad Gita by Prabha-
vananda ^{and} Isherwood is one of the most readable,
clear~~est~~, easiest to understand.

() It was a scientist named Alvarez who investi-
gated the Great Pyramid with the use of cosmic ray
instruments.

() High Dignitaries of the Tibetan lamaist re-
ligion and high Abbots of their monasteries and
Chinese Royalties sat in their granted audiences or
performed rites on a high seat or high dais half-
veiled by shadows.

() The lama told with difficulty his story of
escape in the retinue of the Dalai Lama. There were
only words...phrases...broken sentences. But it was
enough to show what tremendous faith and endurance
went into the enterprise of climbing to frozen
heights, crossing and descending the Himalayan world
by little-used because more rugged ways.

() The translation of Bhagavad Gita by Prasad-
 vanda + Isherwood is one of the most readable,
 clearest, easiest to understand.

() It was a scientist named Alvarez who investi-
 gated the Great Pyramid with the use of cosmic ray
 instruments.

() High dignitaries of the Tibetan Lamasai re-
 ligion and high monks of their monasteries and
 Chinese royalties sat in their grained audiences or
 performed rites on a high seat or high date half-
 veiled by shadows.

() The lama told with difficulty his story of
 escape in the region of the Dalai lama. There were
 only words... phrases... broken sentences. But it was
 enough to know that tremendous faith and endurance
 went into the enterprises of climbing to frozen
 heights, crossing and descending the Himalayan world
 by little-used because more rugged ways.

() Instead of taking to mystical occult and psychical subjects, they could do better; to take themselves to a psychiatrist for treatment.

() This is the 'straightgoing way to celestial spheres' spoken of in the oracle rendered by Apollo.

() Once a sect starts it is only a matter of time until it begins to believe itself to be the "Chosen People".

() It is a pathetic scene. They squat, sit, recline for minutes or years, serenely futile, living in their private world.

() Cause and effect is plain enough a relationship in this physical world but becomes disturbed and unreliable when research penetrates a different level of being. If it moves on it finds itself in a new order of knowledge where a new faculty - intuition - must become active through concentration and contemplation and - dare it be said? - worship.

() The conclusion of this matter on the moral level is that Buddha was wise to ban drugs. The dangers and delusions inherent in their use are too serious to permit it.

() Instead of taking to mystical ecstasies and
psychical subjects, they could do better; to take
themselves to a psychiatrist for treatment.

() This is the 'stratigraphic' way to ecstasies
and spheres, spoken of in the oracle rendered by
Apollon.

() Once a sect starts it is only a matter of
time until it begins to believe itself to be the
"Eternal Religion".

() It is a pathetic scene. They repeat, etc.,
prayers for minutes or years, serenely foolish,
living in their private world.

() Cause and effect is plain enough a rela-
tionship in the physical world but becomes disturbed
and unreliable when we enter different
levels of being. It is woven on it like tapestry.
5th para: Change to XVII?
- a new order of knowledge where a new faculty -
intuition - must become active through concentra-
tion and contemplation and - dare it be said? -
worship.

() The conclusion of this matter on the moral
level is that Buddha was wise to ban drugs. The
generals and delusions inherent in their use are
too serious to permit it.

() They come with exaggerated claims and extravagant theories.

() Eloquent communications reach him through the silence.

() They look at it through rosy spectacles of their own colouring.

() He must ferret out with much precision what is really being affirmed here so confusedly.

() They come with exaggerated claims and
extravagant theories.

() Hisquent communications reach him through
the alibaba.

() They look at it through very spectacles
of their own coloring.

() He must learn out with more precision
what is really being affirmed here and unaffirmed.

() a. "I am more intuitive than shrewd. My method is to observe closely and sharply and then guess, rather than to tabulate and reason."

b. "Warmed by the sunlight and healthily cooled by the crisp nights, I felt a nobler human being and tried to write like one."

J. B. Priestly

() The Red Indian "medicine-man" (priest) forbade a photograph being made of him because he believed it drained away his forces.

() The lesser Mysteries included states of meditation obtained with the help of competent priests into which qualified persons were initiated.

() It is true that California has produced a multitude of sects - good, bad and merely eccentric. It is also true that some bring interesting uplifting or strange doctrines to their followers, but others spoil lives and disturb minds. But on balance it might even be a desirable state of affairs to have such a large variety of points of view, doctrines, groups, and creeds, all conveniently put together in a single state of the Union. Seekers could then look at their leisure to find one that may suit them.

() a. "I am more intuitive than abstract. My methods
 is to observe closely and sharply and then guess, to
 rather than to calculate and reason."

d. "Inspired by the sunlight and healthily cooled by
 the crisp night, I felt a nobler human being and
 tried to write like one."

J. H. Priestly

() The Red Indian "medicine-man" (priest)
 forbade a photograph being made of him because he
 believed it drained away his forces.

() The Inner Mysteries included states of
 meditation obtained with the help of competent
 private who which qualified persons were initi-
 ted.

() It is true that California has produced a
 multitude of esoter-wood, had one merely eccentric.
 It is also true that some very interesting splitting
 or esoteric doctrines to their followers, but others
 spoil lives and disturb minds. But on balance it
 might even be a disastrous state of affairs to have
 such a large variety of points of view, doctrines,
 groups, and creeds, all conveniently put together in
 a single state of the Union. Seekers could then look
 at their leisure to find one that may suit them.

() Be passive only to the Overself but positive to people.

() He passive only to the overness but post-
live to people.

() Why did Chambers' Encyclopedia describe Quietism sponsored by Miguel de Molinos, Mme Guyon and others of that school as "pseudo-mystical Teaching"? Was there not some lamentable religious bias in the writer himself? He was the Reverend Chambers.

() He needs no religious authority to interfere with or interrupt this glorious glimpse, no theologian to bring it down to the intellectual level and thus lose it for him.

() Have no use for a spirituality that only puts itself on show.

() All these mystical symbolisms and metaphysical allegories become in the end obstructions which get in the way of a clear understanding of the truth.

() There is room for both - a divine revelation from a personal God and a teaching from an inspired man.

() There are those to whom symbolism and ceremony, chant and litany give help comfort and uplift. Let them have it, then. But let them also not forget that after all a symbol is not the same as what it stands for, not the reality itself.

() Why did Chamberlain's Encyclopaedia describe
 Gnosticism sponsored by Miguel de Molinos, Max Guyon
 and others of that school as "pseudo-mystical
 Teaching"? Was there not some ismantic religious
 bias in the writer himself? He was the Reverend
 Chamberlain.

() He needs no religious authority to inter-
 fere with or interrupt such glorious glimpses, no
 theologian to bring it down to the intellectual
 level and thus lose it for him.

() Have no use for a spirituality that only
 puts itself on show.

() All these mystical symbolisms and meta-
 physical alterations become in the end obstructions
 which get in the way of a direct understanding of
 the truth.

() There is room for both - a divine revela-
 tion from supernatural God and a teaching from an
 inspired man.

() There are those to whom symbolisms and cere-
 mony, chant and liturgy give deep comfort and uplift.
 But then have liturgy, but let them also not for-
 get that after all a symbol is not the same as
 what it stands for, not the reality itself.

() As soon as the feeling of being tightly enclosed by a sect arises it is time to put on one's shoes and take leave of it.

() In most cases people stay with their inherited creed but in ~~the~~ others they seek and find one which reflects their own inclinations, character or limitations.

() Too much self-satisfaction, too little acquaintance with the world's great thinkers, seers and sages - this ignorance enables too many cults and sects to thrive.

() A teaching must not only suit its historical times but also its geographical place if it is to be most effective.

() Those who believe they honour a religion by attending its services and ceremonies are not seldom deceiving themselves. It is they themselves who are honoured by the contact.

() To rise up from the religious level calls for some metaphysical faculty, a sensitivity to subtle ideas.

The mind's more abstract level must be used. These unaccustomed to it should not let themselves be discouraged. Each attempt made at intervals helps to open the way.

() As soon as the feeling of being slightly
 enclosed by a wall arises it is time to put on one's
 shoes and take leave of it.

() In most cases people stay with their in-
 herited creed but in the others they seek and find
 one which reflects their own inclinations, character
 or limitations.

() Too much self-satisfaction, too little
 acquaintance with the world's great thinkers, errors
 and biases - this ignorance enabled too many chiefs
 and sects to thrive.

() A teacher must not only exit the historical
 times but also the geographical place if it is to
 be most effective.

() Those who believe very much in a religion
 by attending its services and ceremonies are not
 seldom deceiving themselves. It is they themselves
 who are deceived by the contact.

() To rise up from the religious level calls
 for some metaphysical faculty, a sensitivity to
 subtle ideas.

The mind's more abstract level must be used.
 These unaccustomed to it should not let themselves
 be discovered. Each attempt made of internal help
 to open the way.

() There is one good tendency quite visible in modern mystical and religious thought. It is the desire, or need, to relate this preoccupation with higher ideas to the kind of world in which we have to live, to actual everyday existence.

() Where there is no particular yearning for truth, no particular willingness to work on oneself, to practice discipline and especially learn to stand aside from the ego - which refers to the multitude of people - religion provides ideas and goals that can more easily be accepted and followed.

() Existentialism, which sees the universe as absurd, without meaning, without purpose, produces a brood of fatigued, despairing minds or sloppy lazy beatniks, or sinister amoral delinquents. But on its higher levels it has also produced serious well-intentioned persons trying to "modernize" their interests or studies in theology.

() Not only do organized religions split off into sects, but there are further splits of sects within sects.

() The gods in most myths, not all, are not persons, as the simple believed, but symbols.

() There is one good tendency which is visible in modern mystical and religious thought. It is the desire, or need, to relate this preoccupation with higher ideas to the kind of world in which we have to live, to actual everyday existence.

() Where there is no particular yearning for truth, no particular willingness to work on oneself, to practice discipline and especially learn to stand aside from the ego - which refers to the attitude of people - religion provides ideas and goals that can more easily be accepted and followed.

() Existentialism, which sees the universe as absurd, without meaning, without purpose, produces a crowd of frightened, despairing minds or sloppy fancy fantasies, or rather mental delinquents. Not on its highest levels it has also produced serious well-informed persons trying to "modernize" their interests or studies in theology.

() Not only do organized religions split off into sects, but there are larger splits of sects within sects.

() The gods in most myths, not all, are not persons as the simple believed but symbols.

() They look to some man or some book for spiritual comfort - always outside themselves.

() Let the narrow sectarians, the stodgy splitters of hair-thin trivialities fight among themselves what is not worth fighting about.

(They look to some man or some book for
spiritual comfort; - always outside themselves.

(Let the narrow sectarians, the stogy
critters of half-bred criticism light among
themselves what is not worth fighting about.

() YHWH, in Exodus 3, was the name given to Moses by that Presence which spoke to him out of the bush, and its derivation followed - the Hebrew root for 'being'! That it became the narrowed concept of a tribal anthropomorphic god - Jahweh - is the inevitable historical consequence, is what the tribe could take and be satisfied with.

() Christ and Krishna were actualities in their lifetimes and became felt Presences after their deaths. But with time they were only symbols to remember for most people. Today they can still be found by penetrating heart and mind deeply enough. Its reality is then drawn from their own Overself.

() But they went too far in minimizing, even sneering at "The Theatre" of solemn ritualism, even uniforms and ancient ceremonial. It stimulates or supports ^{the} quality of reverence and devotion.

() A union of many religions is a naive idea but a tolerant attitude between many religions is an excellent one.

() Beware of the fanaticism shown by certain gurus and their followers. Intolerance of other teachings or of other interpretations of their own teachings, harshly denouncing every deviation, imply a narrow sectarianism.

() YHWH, in Exodus 3, was the name given to
 Moses by that Presence which spoke to him out of
 the bush, and its derivation followed - the Hebrew
 root for 'being'. That it became the narrowed con-
 cept of a tribal anthropomorphic god - Jahweh - is
 the inevitable historical consequence, is what the
 tribe could take and be satisfied with.

() Christ and Krishna were actualities in
 their lifetimes and became left Presences after
 their deaths. But with time they were only symbols
 to possess for most people. Today they can still
 be found by penetrating heart and mind deeply
 enough. The reality is then drawn from their own
 Overalls.

() But they were too far in civilization, even
 speaking of "The Presence" of solemn rituals, even
 unions and ancient ceremonial. It stimulates or
 supports quality of reverence and devotion.

() A union of many religions is a naive idea
 but a religious attitude between many religions is
 an excellent one.

() Beware of the fanaticism shown by certain
 gurus and their followers. Inference of other
 teachings or of other interpretations of their own
 teachings, thereby denouncing every deviation, im-
 ply a narrow sectarianism.

() To surrender is to know one's own incompetence and to put one's life in wiser hands.

() You are no longer wanting God. You are now loving God. The former is only for beginners.

() In its presence it is easier to cast off some of the cares of life and, for the more practiced, even feel some inner calm. Such moods are spiritual in the finer meanings of the word.

() It is not within his power to command the visit of grace or to arrange it. But he can go out of his way to make himself worthy of it and he can bring about conditions in himself which suitably prepare for it.

() He is to receive passively what Grace bestows positively. Hence the need of a surrendered attitude.

() In the end Nature will respond to his aspiration. Patience must be cultivated.

() His innate tendencies may still be there for a time - they constitute his karma - but the grace keeps them in check.

() To surrender is to know one's own incompe-
tence and to put one's life in wisser hands.

() You are no longer seeking God. You are now
loving God. The former is only for beginners.

() In His presence it is easier to cast all
some of the cares of life and, for the more grate-
ful, even feel some inner calm. Such needs are not
ritual in the literal meaning of the word.

() It is not within His power to command the
yield of grace or to arrange it. But he can no out-
of his way to make himself worthy of it and he can
bring about conditions in himself which actually
prepare for it.

() He is to receive passively what Grace de-
stows positively. Hence the need of a surrendered
attitude.

() In the end Nature will respond to his requi-
sition. Felicity must be cultivated.

() His innate tendencies may still be there
for a time - they constitute his karma - but the
Grace keeps them in check.

() Men love their ego more than anything else, or those extensions of their ego which are their families. But if and when the lesser self submits to the higher self, which is Egohood, this love is harmonized with love for the Overself.

() We need the turgid devotion of religion, the clearer devotion of mysticism and the understanding devotion of philosophy. With each stage of ascent, there is more purity and less publicity, more real holiness and less lurking egoism.

() "This is how I am." Once this acceptant attitude is reached, he is ready to turn to the Short Path.

() Man love itself more than anything else,
 or those extensions of itself ego which are their
 families. But it and when the lesser self submits to
 the higher Self, which is Egohood, this love is
 harmonized with love for the Overself.

() We need the purified devotion of religion,
 the clearer devotion of mysticism and the under-
 standing devotion of philosophy. With each stage
 of ascent, there is more purity and less partiality,
 more real holiness and less lurkling egotism.

() "This is how I am." Once this acceptance
 of things is reached, he is ready to turn to the
 Spirit Path.

() To that self-existent untouched Reality, the heart in simple reverence must forever bow in hámage, and the mind must make it the object of keenest meditation.

() Practice referal of doubts, questions, needs, requests to the Higher Power. Do not depend on the ego alone.

() The presence of the Great Spirit can be recognized, approached, felt and loved.

() Humbly the ego bends in silent hámage held by the benign peace; and then this second self appears; it is the Overself. Gently the smiling Presence spreads around.

() To that self-existent unattached Reality,
 the heart in simple reverence must forever bow in
 homage, and the mind must make it the object of
 keenest meditation.

() Practice relief of doubts, questions, needs,
 requests to the Higher Power. Do not depend on the
 ego alone.

() The presence of the Great Spirit can be
 recognized, approached, felt and loved.

() Humily the eye sends in silent homage held
 by the benign gaze; and then this second self
 appears; it is the Overself. Gently the smiling
 presence spreads around.

() The man of forty years ago is now a stranger to me. What can I do but disapprove of a number of his bygone actions? Indeed they are unbelievable. Yet he too was myself at that time.

() Every man is a victim of his own past until he awakens to this recognition - that at his best level he is divine in a timeless way, that there he may rise^s above this past and free himself from it.

() Consciousness is the first kind of existence, however limited it may be. But at its best it is divine.

() A dream may be trivial or important, inspired or commonplace, prophetic or symbolic, irrational or significant, an imagination or a revelation, terrifying or satisfying, uplifting or degrading, an echo of the day or an invention of the night, other-worldly or this-worldly, quickly forgotten or long remembered - it can be any of these because the mind's possible workings are widely varied.

() Time's ever-faster movement stamps our epoch.

() The man of forty years ago is now a stranger to me. What can I do but disapprove of a number of his actions? Indeed they are unbecomingly. Yet he too was myself at that time.

() Every man is a victim of his own past until he awakes to this recognition - that at his past level he is divine in a timeless way, that there he may rise above this past and free himself from it.

() Consciousness is the first kind of existence, however limited it may be. But at its best it is divine.

() A dream may be trivial or important, inspired or commonplace, prophetic or symbolic, literal or significant, an inspiration or a revelation, satisfying or satisfying, uplifting or depressing, an echo of the day or an invention of the night, other-worldly or this-worldly, quickly forgotten or long remembered - it can be any of these because the mind's possible workings are widely varied.

() Time's ever-larger movement stamps our epoch.

() Why did Emerson remark when he had to examine a quantity of wood he ordered: "We must see to these things you know, as if they were real."

() If in meditation he feels as if he had always been sitting there, it means he touched eternity, timelessness.

() There are other levels of being, and finer grades of consciousness which transcend one another.

() The mistake too commonly made is to believe that the ordinary level of consciousness is the only possible one. Successful meditation is one way of getting free from it.

() Live among men as if the world-appearance is what they feel it to be - the reality- but know for yourself the inner truth about it and about yourself.

() To let go of his past is to let go of memories, with their various identities he has assumed.

() If anyone proclaims it to be Truth, then it must be portrayed as living truth, something with a living God behind it.

() Why did Emerson remark when he had to explain a quantity of wood he ordered: "We must see to these things you know, as if they were real."

() If in meditation he feels as if he had always been sitting there, it means he touched eternity, timelessness.

() There are other levels of being, and finer grades of consciousness which transcend one another.

() The mistake too commonly made is to believe that the ordinary level of consciousness is the only possible one. Successful meditation is one way of getting free from it.

() Live among men as if the world-appearance is what they feel it to be - the reality - but know for yourself the inner truth about it and about yourself.

() To let go of his past is to let go of memories, with their various identifications he has assumed.

() If anyone proclaims it to be Truth, then it must be portrayed as living truth, something with a living God behind it.

() As a man grows more aware of philosophy's truth he grows more aware of the ephemeral nature of things.

() We live in the Real - all of us - but only few know it.

() As a man grows more aware of philosophy
truth he grows more aware of the ephemeral nature
of things.

() We live in the Real - all of us - but only
few know it.

() Right answers cannot be produced to wrong questions.

() We use a twofold standpoint in this quest. This is because it is the minimum possible. Yet even this would seem to contradict and negate itself. But each serves a purpose of its own. It is possible, because of the reign of relativity in the universe, even to ~~the~~ trace a sevenfold standpoint, all the levels co-existing.

() To get a correct perspective on human existence, two kinds of knowledge, two standpoints, two levels of truth are possible and must be recognized.

() Caught inexorably in timeless being but knowing of the capture only after returning and lost to the world. What is this mystery of time?

() Coming down here into the body of flesh and blood is our confusion. Experiencing the sufferings and distresses which we do is our fate. The satisfactions are there also, yes, and induce us to cling to life and return anew after each reincarnation. We need always remember that all this experience which a human undergoes is relative to time and place and must pass on and away. To what? To that higher order of the universe where we are with God as higher creatures.

() Right answers cannot be produced to wrong questions.

() We use a twofold standpoint in this quest.

This is because it is the minimum possible. Yet even this would seem to contradict and negate itself. But each serves a purpose of its own. It is possible, because of the realm of relativity in the universe, even to the trace a conventional standpoint, all the levels co-existing.

() To have a correct perspective on human existence, two kinds of knowledge, two standpoints, two levels of truth are possible and must be recognized.

() Caught inexorably in a maze of being but knowing of the capture only after returning and lost to the world. What is this mystery of time?

4th paragraph needs work

() Coming down here into the body of flesh and blood is our confusion. Experiencing the sufferings and distresses which we do in our fate. The actions are there also, yes and induce us to cling to life and return anew after each reincarnation. We need always remember that all this experience which a human undergoes is relative to time and place and must pass on and away. To what? To that higher other of the universe where we are with God as highly distressed.

() The ordinary mentalness of the world and the superior reality of Mind illustrates the reign of relativity. It does not mean that the world is so utterly illusory that it is non-existent. It has a relative existence for everyone. But the enlightened ones are aware of the truth that Mind-in-itself is there. They know it also by the wonderful experience of cosmic consciousness when everything falls away - including their own personal ego - and only THAT remains. This is not merely their point of view but something far and away beyond it and ^{that} can only happen in the state of contemplation; - hence, ^{it is} a temporary one but - as Plotinus mentioned - a recurrent or accessible ^s one.

() On one hand there is the emptiness of the Void, on the other hand there is the fullness of the cosmos which comes into being to occupy it.

() What is wrong in studying the dust-laden past if we do not forget to counter it by studying the fresh-grown present?

() The ordinary consciousness of the world and the superior reality of Mind illustrates the reign of relativity. It does not mean that the world is so utterly illusory that it is non-existent. It has a relative existence for everyone. But the enlightened ones are aware of the truth that Mind-in-itself is there. They know it also by the wonderful experience of cosmic consciousness when everything falls away - including their own personal ego - and only THAT remains. This is not merely their point of view but something far and beyond it and can only happen in the state of contemplation - hence a temporary one but - as Krishna mentioned - a recurrent or occasional one.

() On one hand there is the emptiness of the Void, on the other hand there is the fullness of the cosmos which comes into being to occupy it.

() What is wrong in studying the east-Indian part if we do not forget to counter it by studying the West-Indian part?

() If we seek to become philosophical it is not at all necessary to lose practicality and ignore actuality. We ought to become sufficiently equilibrated to create conditions, make things, and devise arrangements which are visible here and serviceable now. This should not stop us from mentally training ourselves to follow abstract ideas or metaphysical systems by which lofty levels are attained.

() Yes, we need to know the truth, to discover what is in the world around us and in life within us, but we also need to feel and intuit it by experience. This coming-together makes for its realization.

() There is room to bring a fresh understanding, a free original approach and a personal realisation of philosophy, and thus see the teaching for himself.

() So far as man is an animal body, he shares with the other animals their interest in eating, drinking and copulation. But their interest does not go beyond this point whereas his does. He wants to know about other things and to express what he knows or to receive communications from others concerning what they know.

() If we seek to become philosophical it is not at all necessary to lose practicality and ignore actuality. We ought to become sufficiently actually-abled to create conditions, make things, and do the arrangements which are vital to us and serviceable now. This should not stop us from continually training ourselves to follow abstract ideas or metaphysical systems by which lofty levels are attained.

() Yes, we need to know the truth, to discover what is in the world around us and in life within us, but we also need to feel and relate it by experience. This coming-together makes for the realization.

() There is room to bring a fresh understanding, a new original approach and a personal realization of philosophy, and thus see the teaching for himself.

() So far as man is an animal body, he shares with the other animals their interest in eating, drinking and copulation. But their interest does not go beyond this point whereas his does. He wants to know about other things and to express what he knows or to receive communications from others concerning what they know.

() Beginners who feel they need a standpoint, a guru and a group to provide support, guidance, comfort and instruction may or may not profit by them. They will then find the independence of philosophy less attractive.

() Those who take this inspired volume as their tutor do not err. It repays study, enriches life, answers many a query.

() In the end he should seek to gain confirmation of the teaching and practical knowledge of its working by first hand personal experience. This achievement is possible, but at the cost of living out in action what he learns in thought.

() It is not likely that the limited little human mind can understand the cosmos. But philosophy can give us clues which make all the difference between blundering in utter blackness and groping in twilight.

() Because there are deep, obscure, hard difficult or puzzling statements in the old texts, both Eastern and Western, any effort to unravel their threads should be helpful to those readers interested in the knotty subjects considered.

() Bergmann who feel they need a standpoint, a firm and a group to provide support, guidance, instruction and instruction say or may not profit by them. They will see that the independence of philosophy is an alternative.

() Those who take this inspired volume as their guide do not see. If they study, criticize, and answers many a query.

() In the end he should seek to gain confirmation of the teaching and practical knowledge of his working by first hand personal experience. This achievement is possible but at the cost of living out in action what he learns in thought.

() It is not likely that the limited little human mind can understand the cosmos. But philosophy can give us clues which make all the difference between stumbling in outer darkness and groping in daylight.

() Because there are deep, obscure, and difficult or puzzling statements in the old texts, both Eastern and Western, any effort to unravel their meaning should be helpful to those readers interested in the knotty subjects considered.

() He does not and can not separate life from philosophy. Those who assert that it is a study for mere dreamers are wrong.

() The small outlooks of the "petit bourgeois" could not take in philosophy, nor is there any reason why it should want to.

() It would be imprudent to blurt out freely beliefs such as these in the presence of the unready.

() The philosophic mind must declare itself out of wide deep knowledge, out of the resultant tolerant understanding.

() Philosophy seeks to bring him into full consciousness of what religion only partly prepares him for.

() What is the criterion of truth? Or is it all relative to the standpoint taken?

() We may admire, respect or even revere a man as a person, but still fail to admire - much less accept - his views. Truth forces us to separate personal emotion from clear reason, to deny sentimentality, to abandon intellect if intuition's lights appears.

() He does not and can not separate the two
philosophy. Those who assert that it is a study for
more doctors are wrong.

() The main outlook of the "philosophical"
could not take in philosophy, nor is there any rea-
son why it should want to.

() It would be imprudent to shut out freely
beliefs such as these in the presence of the unready.

() The religious mind must declare itself
out of wise deep knowledge, out of the resultant
relevant understanding.

() Philosophy seeks to bring his into full
consciousness of what religion only partly prepares
him for.

() What is the criterion of truth? Or is it
all relative to the standard taken?

() We may admit, respect or even reverse a man
as a person, but still fail to admit - such laws
accept - his view. Truth forces us to separate
personal emotion from clear reason, to deny senti-
mentality, to abandon intellect if intuition's
light appears.

() All other questions resolve themselves in the end into a single one: "What is truth? " for this will not only have to include the world but also, and not less important: "What am I?"

() Truth must be respected to the point of reverence before it will yield its deeper secrets. It must indeed be entangled with holiness.

() A human being needs a fuller life than one-sided idolatry can give him, needs more than thought or feeling, dream or action, meditation or experience. With them he can attain an equable balance and a richness of being.

() It is needful for human beings to respect sanity in their response to the world and its demands on him. A philosophic teaching which professes to lift them up to higher planes of being, consciousness and character must handle the subject skilfully lest it loses them altogether in absurd extremes, utter impracticality and romantic fantasies. If a man is taught to live with indifference to his surroundings, food, domestic life, for example, only harm can result.

check
70

() All other questions resolve themselves in the end into a single one: "What is truth?" For this will not only have to include the world but also, and not less important: "What am I?"

() Truth must be respected to the point of reverence before it will yield its deeper secrets. It must indeed be entered with holiness.

() A human being needs a higher life than one-sided idealism can give him, needs more than thought or feeling, dream or action, meditation or experience. With these he can attain an equitable balance and a richness of being.

() It is essential for human beings to respect reality in their response to the world and its demands on him. A philosophic teaching which professes to lift them up to higher planes of being, consciousness and character must handle the subject skillfully lest it loses them altogether in absurd extremes, either impracticality and unrealistic idealism. If a man is taught to live with indifference to his surroundings, food, domestic life, for example, only pain can result.

() An attitude of studied indifference to the lesser matters of life simply because one takes the philosophic goal as being of high importance may lead to serious neglect of practical affairs and everyday living. The results could well be deplorable. Such an attitude is not acceptable philosophically.

() The truth should be told to all mankind, but we know well enough that all mankind will not care to listen. Idealism must be balanced by realistic sense.

() An attitude of studied indifference to the lesser matters of life simply because one takes the philosophic cool as being of high importance may lead to serious neglect of practical affairs and everyday living. The results could well be deplorable. Such an attitude is not acceptable philosophically.

() The first lesson to be learned is that we know well enough that all actions will not be to the benefit. Decisions must be balanced by realistic means.

() Paradox is an essential part of true religion, mysticism and philosophy.

() Philosophy ennobles human character and dignifies human personality.

() It is a gross error to believe that this knowledge is reserved by the Higher Power for an elect few. It is reserved by men themselves by their own lack of interest in the subject, of lack of willingness to submit to the necessary self-discipline, or ^{of} inability to meet the qualifications for the work and study involved.

() In most of what is experienced it is more prudent to look for both the positive and negative sides rather than exclude one or the other.

() Paradox is an essential part of the self-
tion, mysticism and philosophy.

() Philosophy embodies human character and
distills human personality.

() It is a gross error to believe that this
knowledge is reserved by the higher power for an
elect few. It is reserved by men themselves by
their own lack of interest in the subject, of lack
of willingness to submit to the necessary self-
discipline, or inability to meet the qualifications
for the work and study involved.

() In most of what is experienced it is more
prudent to look for both the positive and negative
sides rather than exclude one or the other.

() The true being, World-Mind, was there before men's thoughts began.

() When he comes to understand on what are really scientific grounds that belief in the materiality of the world, is groundless, he may come to a better tolerance of the Quest.

() The world is apparently suspended in time and space but actually all three are suspended in the mind.

() If he becomes a real thinker he may also come in time to a self-conversion to the basic truth of mentalism.

() The impression made on a man at this discovery is ineffable: no words can match it for they are hazy and nebulous alongside it.

() There are rich sources of gratification in idea. Why seek for them in actual involvement with things, persons or creatures and submit to the uncertain or risky aftermath?

() The true being, World-Mind, was there before man's thoughts began.

() When he comes to understand on what are really scientific grounds that belief in the materiality of the world, its formlessness, he may come to a better tolerance of the Great.

() The world is apparently suspended in time and space but actually all three are suspended in the mind.

() If he becomes a real thinker he may also come in time to a self-conversion to the basic form of mysticism.

() The impression made on a man at this discovery is indelible: no words can catch it for they are heavy and nebulous thoughts it.

() There are rich sources of spiritualization in ideas. Any work for them in actual involvement with things, persons or creatures and submit to the uncertain or risky alternant?

() If students can understand the way the mind and the senses really work, what the results of this working are, and what direction they point to... if they can break through that barrier between flesh and thought which favours materialism and agnosticism and even atheism, then the perception actually becomes a spiritual experience. It is the key opening the way to mentalism's discovery and acceptance.

() Bertrand Russell in his book "Knowledge of the External World" came near to the metaphysical truth. In the end he couldn't make the leap over the gap. The reason why people can't make the leap is because they are so deeply identified with their body alone. This in turn depends partly on the way of life and partly on mental sensitivity.

() The Vedantin tells you, ^gyour experience of the world is illusory"; you take it to be existent; you see a snake when there is only a rope. But the philosopher comments: "It is misleading only if while you are in the body you take it to be utterly and ultimately real. The world is actually there, but what is it that makes it there for you? Consciousness! That is the reality. But what you call consciousness is only a fragment, a very small confined thing, compared with its source.

() If students can understand the way the mind and the mass evenly work, what the results of this working are, and what direction they point to... if they can break through that barrier between flesh and thought which favours materialism and agnosticism and even atheism, then the perception actually becomes a spiritual experience. It is the key opening the way to mentalism's discovery and acceptance.

() Bertrand Russell in his book "Knowledge of the External World" comes near to the metaphysical truth. In the end he doubts I shall the leap over the gap. The reason why people can't make the leap is because they are so deeply identified with their body-sense. This in turn depends partly on the way of life and partly on mental activity.

() The Vedanta tells you your experience of the world is illusory; you take it to be existent; you see a snake when there is only a rope. But the philosopher comments: "It is misleading only if while you are in the body you take it to be earthly and ultimately real. The world is actually there, but what is it that makes it there for your consciousness? That is the reality. But what you call consciousness is only a treatment, a very small confined thing, compared with the source.

() They develop a mental claustrophobia which creates fear of certain abstract ideas.

() Thoughts could never come into existence if Mind were not also here primarily. Nor could we humans become aware of the universe without Mind's priority.

() ^{The} Yogachara Buddhism of Dinnaga and Dharmakirti is a later development which alone of Indian thought claims to make verifiable statements.

() Those who look for science to scale the last heights of matter's mystery, who hope or believe it will solve the final secret, look in vain. Why? It is always within the limitation that what it examines will perforce include part of the examiner himself.

() Chambers dictionary: 1. Idealism: objects immediately known are ideas: thought or idea as the ground of knowledge or existence.
 Collons dictionary: 2. Idealism: doctrine that appearances are purely the perceptions of subjects; that world consists of mind. The opposite of materialism in science (and philosophy -PB)
 Penguin Dictionary³. Idealism: explains universe in terms of ideas; maintains all phenomena are subjective.

() They develop a mental classification which creates less of certain abstract ideas.

() Thoughts could never come into existence if they were not also here physically. For could we have any sense out of the universe without Mind's primary.

() Professor Robinson of Dinnis and Gainsville is a later development which aims at Indian thought since to make veridical statements.

() Those who look for science to solve the last depths of matter's mystery, who hope or believe it will solve the final secret, look in vain. Why? It is clear within the limitation that what is examined will perhaps include part of the examiner himself.

() Chapter Dictionary: 1. Idealism: objects immediately known are ideas; thought or ideas as the ground of knowledge or existence.
 () Chapter Dictionary: 2. Idealism: doctrine that appearances are purely the perceptions of subjects; that world consists of mind. The opposite of materialism in science (and philosophy - 58)
 Chapter Dictionary: Idealism: explains universe in terms of ideas; materialism all phenomena are subjective.

() Clearly the attempt to know the fundamental sub-atomic particle by apparatus, instrument, or machine is impossible since they cannot be kept out of the investigation but are affecting or disturbing the results. All this contributes to endorse the claims of mentalism that human consciousness is linked to the world.

() The researcher can most truthfully say that what he knows best of the world is its description as it appears to be. Under microscopic examination it is undergoing changes, however slight all the time. But why does the feeling of its reality persist? Why does the feeling that the world is really present in our experience refuse to leave us? We have to say ruefully that there are really two levels of experience and therefore of truth - the common one and a higher one.

() The study of mentalism repays the students who gives it the time needed to ponder on its great basic idea.

() Clearly the attempt to know the fundamental
 substance particle by apparatus, instrument, or
 machine is impossible since they cannot be kept out
 of the investigation but are affecting or distur-
 bing the results. All this constitutes an endeavor
 the class of methods that human consciousness is
 linked to the world.

() The researcher can most truthfully say that
 what he knows best of the world is its description
 as it appears to us. Under microscopic examination
 it is undergoing changes, however slight all the
 time. But why does the feeling of its reality per-
 sist? Why do we feel that the world is really
 present in our experience rather than leave us? We
 have to say truthfully that there are really two
 levels of experience and therefore of truth - the
 common one and a higher one.

() The study of mentalism reveals the students
 who give it the time needed to ponder on its
 basic ideas.

() "When I was 18 years old I had a mystical glimpse. In this experience I was surrounded by light and inwardly felt a strengthening peace. Its support led me to my acceptance of what was then a very difficult situation. I understood its meaning and the lesson it taught me. With time and patience it came to an end but it left me more developed."

A medical secretary

() What he feels in these beautiful minutes is really a far-off echo from a higher, diviner world. The echo wanes and vanishes but its origin does not. One day, soon or late, he may pick it up again and this time learn of the greatness secreted within him.

() Socrates had entered a battlefield along with his friends when suddenly and unexpectedly he caught his breath because he found himself falling into a spiritual Glimpse. It was so wonderful an experience that he denied all other calls on his time and so sunk deeper and deeper into the glimpse. It was not until twenty-four hours later that the glimpse came to an end of itself. There is a lesson here. Such a chance may not repeat itself, it may not be possible to get it again. Advantage should be taken of it because of its all-importance. No-one knows how deep the absorption of a glimpse will carry him nor how long a time there will be before it comes to an end.

() "When I was 18 years old I had a mystical
 glimpse. In this experience I was surrounded by
 light and inwardly felt a breathtaking peace. The
 support led me to my acceptance of what was then a
 very difficult situation. I understood its meaning
 and the lesson it taught me. With time and patience
 it came to an end but it left me more developed."
 A medical neurological note

() What he feels in these beautiful minutes is
 really a far-off echo from a higher divine world.
 The echo waxes and wanes but the origin does not.
 One day, soon or late, he may pick it up again and
 this time learn of the presence secreted within
 him.

() Socrates had entered a battlefield along
 with his friends when suddenly and unexpectedly he
 caught his breath because he found himself falling
 into a spiritual glimpse. It was so wonderful an
 experience that he denied all other calls on his
 time and so sunk deeper and deeper into the glimpse.
 It was not until twenty-four hours later that the
 glimpse came to an end of itself. There is a lesson
 here. Such a chance may not repeat itself, it may
 not be possible to get it again. Advantages should be
 taken of it because of its all-importance. No-one
 knows how deep the penetration of a glimpse will
 carry him nor how long a time there will be before
 it comes to an end.

() Whether out in this world of ugly happenings or deep within the mind in a heaven of beauty and peace, the observer is the same, but in the first case he is the little limited ego and in the second case, he is THAT from which the ego draws its sustenance - the Overself.

() When such moments of grace come to him he should appraise them at their real worth and not turn away to the next activity. Rather should he pause from all activities and wait with hushed thoughts, watchfully, patiently, reverently.

() Before enlightenment can be received into consciousness, a measure of sharpness to discern the real from its appearance, as well as of detachment, must be acquired.

() The divine presence is constant, it does not go away: but man himself is too often absent, heedless, interested elsewhere. But each return gives him a glimpse which he calls a grace.

() Whatsoever out in this world of ugly things or deep within the mind in a heaven of beauty and peace, the observer in the game, but in the first case he is the little limited ego and in the second case, he is THAT from which the ego draws its sustenance - the Overself.

() When such moments of grace come to him he should appreciate them as their real worth and not turn away to the next activity. Rather should he pause from all activities and wait with tuned faculties, patiently, patiently, reverently.

() Before enlightenment can be received into consciousness a measure of sharpness to discern the real from its appearance, as well as of detachment, must be acquired.

() The divine presence is constant, it does not go away; but man himself is too often absent, heedless, unattended elsewhere. But each return gives him a glimpse which he calls a grace.

() There are moments when he finds himself transported to another level of consciousness, higher and ^{more} serener.

() The glimpse state may come on in different ways. Sometimes it disinclines the man from moving. But if he must attend to some matter which requires him to go across a room or out of the house, his feet will seem to move of themselves, but very, very slowly.

() There are moments when he finds himself transported to another level of consciousness, higher and serene.

() The things that may come on in different ways. Sometimes it distorts the man from moving but it is most often in some rather unpredictable way to go across a room or part of the house, his feet will seem to move of themselves but very slowly.

() Zen phrase: "Not knowing how near truth is, people look for it far off."

() Every man is sacred did he but know it.

() Sometimes experienced, always remembered, the glimpse has marked him for life with some positive and benign signs.

() But the glimpse comes to an end. The glorious new identity which he took on for a while will be shed.

() Where do such feelings come from? Certainly not from his ordinary self. They come from his higher self.

() Each glimpse brings a grace. It may be a message or an awakening, a revelation or a warning, a reconciliation or a confirmation, a strengthening or a mellowing.

() There are moments when all his acutest thought movement is stilled and he finds himself bereft of power, forced into utter submission to the divine Overself.

() Don phrase: "Not knowing how near truth is,
people look for it far off."

() Every man is sacred till he has known it.

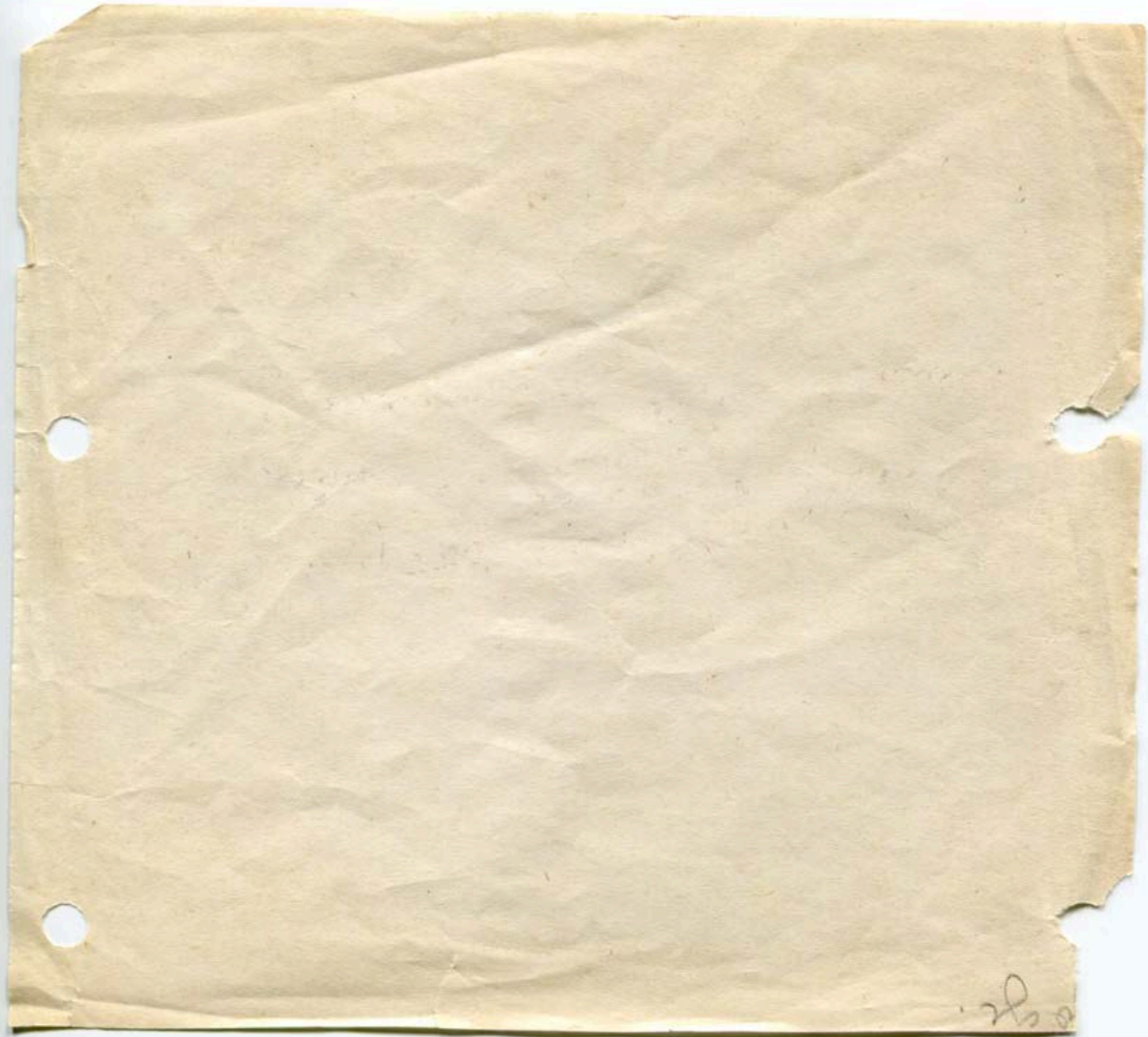
() Sometimes experienced, always remembered,
the Ganges has asked him for life with some post-
five and death signs.

() But the Ganges comes to an end. The Ganges
finds new identity which he looks on for a while will
be shed.

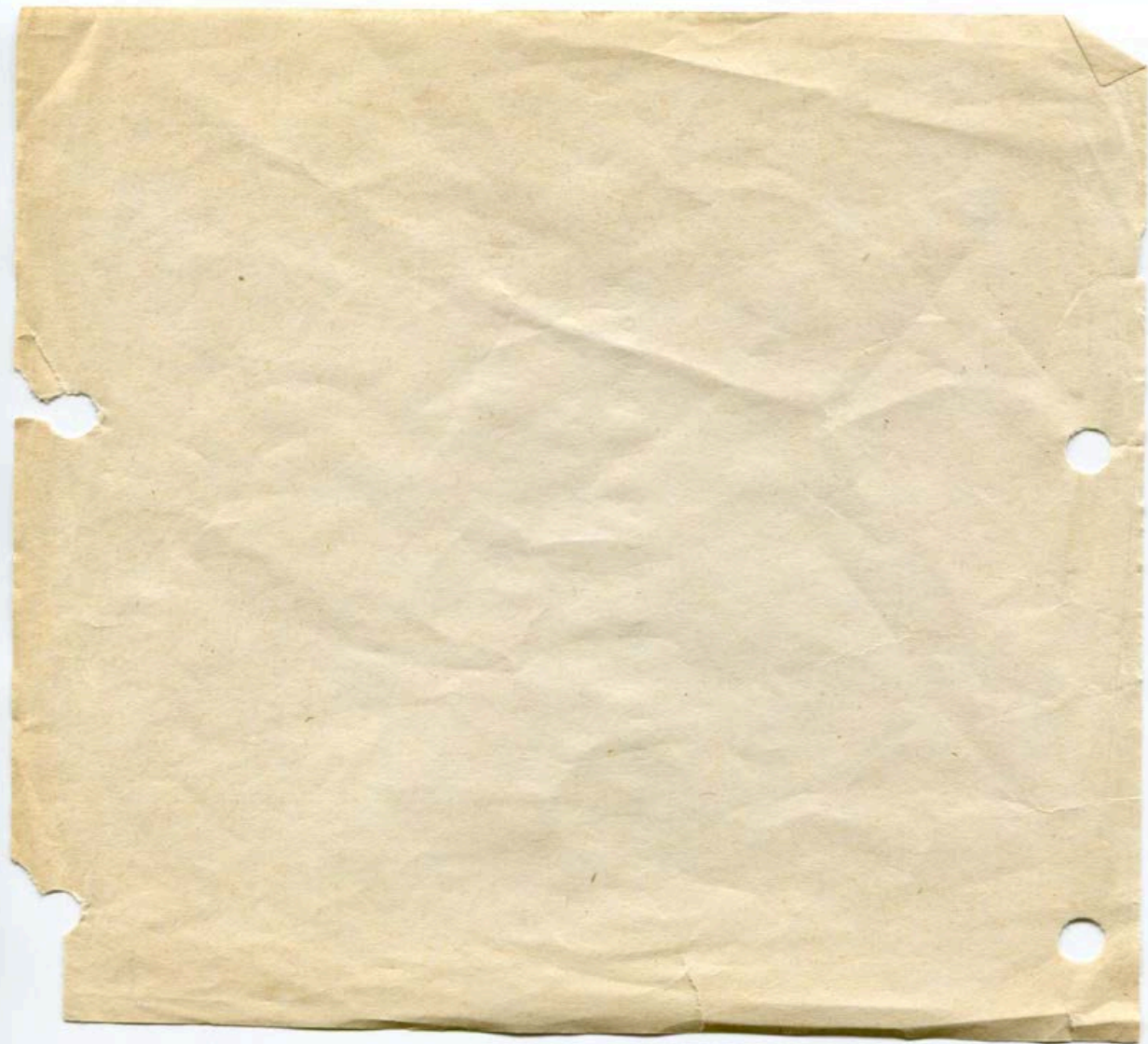
() There do such feelings come from? Certain-
ly not from his ordinary self. They come from his
higher self.

() Even Ganges offers a grace. It may be a
message or an awakening, a revelation or a warning,
a reconciliation or a confirmation, a strengthening
or a relaxing.

() There are moments when all his deepest
thought movement is stilled and he finds himself be-
half of power, forced into utter submission to the
living Universal.



200



() When thoughts cease of themselves the stillness comes. When thinking rejects its own activity consciousness is.

() In the "Heavenly Identity" exercise he plays an actor's part and visualizes himself as being already an enlightened man.

() He feels a personal obligation to carry into everyday living what he has deduced from these golden moments.

() The "Heavenly Identity" exercise is to be used without exaggerating its possibilities. It should not lead anyone into the belief that it can confer sudden enlightenment. The ego should not be allowed to set up a pseudo self-realization. Yet it remains a useful practice to offset the others which work differently.

() Wait with patience for His Majesty the Inner Ruler to appear in the Hall of Audience.

() Here in the heart, ^y is He who witnesses to your divine identity, and in the head comes the confirmation.

() When thoughts cease of themselves the activity
 ceases. When thinking reflects its own activity
 consciousness is.

() In the "Heavenly Identity" exercise he plays
 an actor's part and visualizes himself as being
 already an enlightened man.

() He feels a personal obligation to carry into
 everyday living what he has deduced from these
 golden moments.

() The "Heavenly Identity" exercise is to be
 used without exaggerating its possibilities. It should
 not lead anyone into the belief that it can confer
 sudden enlightenment. The eye should not be allowed
 to rest up a pseudo self-realization. Yet it remains
 a useful practice to offset the errors which work
 differently.

() Wait with patience for His Majesty the
 Inner Knave to appear in the Hall of Audience.

() Here in the heart, as he who witnesses to
 your divine identity, and as the need comes the
 contradiction.

() Time is for consciousness a succession of moments. It is at the end of the interval between the first two that we become aware of its passage and can call the measurement one second. If thinking stops but consciousness remains and we manage to stay with it without introducing the ego - which restarts the process, the movement - we are caught and held in the gap. This is pure consciousness.

() He seems, in this desolate "night" to be up against a blank wall. But with patience he may find a way out. It is well to remember Abraham Lincoln's "This too will pass."

() Ecstatic moods, trances or swoons are not sought by the philosopher, as they are by the saint, but if they do happen to come, as they might, through his meditations he takes care that they will find their proper place and leave his inner equilibrium undisturbed.

() This slowing- down or elongation of time is a delightful bonus when the peace of meditation is felt.

() First there is surprise at the change in his character; then admiration of its achievement. Such is the result of success with one of these practices.

() Time is for consciousness a succession of moments. It is at the end of the interval between the first two that we become aware of its passage, and can call the measurement one second. If thinking stops but consciousness remains and we manage to stay with it without introducing the ego - which restores the process, the movement - we are caught and held in the gap. This is pure consciousness.

() He seems, in this desolate "night" to be up against a glass wall. But with patience he may find a way out. It is well to remember Abraham Lincoln's "This too will pass."

() Ecstatic moments, flashes of wisdom are not sought by the philosopher, as they are by the saint, but all they do happen to come, as they might, through his meditation he takes care that they will find their proper place and leave his inner equilibrium undisturbed.

() This slowing-down or elongation of time is a delightful bonus when the pace of meditation is left.

() First there is surprise at the change in his character; then admiration of its achievement. Such is the result of success with one of these practices.

() When he first awakens to this great stillness, ordinary life seems a mere agitation and fuss.

() There are different levels of insight into truth, some nearer the surface and others deeper and more rewarding.

() Remember to recess back into consciousness to the centre when other persons are present. This instantly subjugates nerve strain and self-consciousness.

() The Direct Path's influence should show itself in bringing a brighter outlook to a man and a more cheerful tone to his character. It is true that philosophy is quite aware of the Buddhistic picture of life, of the sorrows and sicknesses which drag him down at times. That is why it makes equanimity a leading item of the inner work upon himself; why it becomes so necessary. But it is also true that moments, moods and glimpses are also possible when there is uplift and he can confirm for himself that the human link with the higher power is a very real thing.

() When he first awakens to this great stillness, ordinary life seems a mere agitation and loss.

() There are different levels of insight into truth, some nearer the surface and others deeper and more rewarding.

() Remember to focus past into consciousness to the center when other persons are present. This instantly unjudged nerve nerve and self-consciousness.

() The Direct Path's influence should show itself in bringing a brighter outlook to a man and a more careful tone to his character. It is true that philosophy is quite aware of the Buddhist picture of life, of the nervous and sicknesses which drag him down at times. That is why it makes spiritual a leading line of the inner work upon himself; why it becomes so necessary. But it is also true that general books and magazines are also possible even there to uplift and he can continue for himself that the human line with the higher power is a very real thing.

() His power of abstract concentration, of withdrawing into a thought, or a series of thoughts, or of ^{having} no thoughts at all shows in the eyes, in their long- sustained stillness, their brilliance and 'not- seeing' physically because focussed on nothing in particular.

() Sri Ramakrishna: "The mind ordinarily moves in the three lower chakras. But if it rises above them and reaches the heart, one gets the vision of Light..."

Even though it has reached the throat, the Mind may come down again (from utterly unworldly consciousness -PB). One ought to be always alert. Only if his mind reaches the spot between the eyebrows need he have no more fear of a fall, the Supreme Self is so close."

() Mahadevan himself admitted to us that meditation is not essential if Jnana is sought and properly followed. Therefore we are entitled to comment that Nirvikalpa Samadhi is not enough. The qualities needed for Jnana practice including detachment must still be developed.

() His power of abstract concentration, of withdrawing into a thought, or a series of thoughts, or of no thoughts at all shows in the eyes, in their long-sustained stillness, their brilliancy and 'not seeing' physically because focussed on nothing in particular.

() Sri Ramakrishna: "The mind ordinarily moves in the three lower chakras. But if it rises above them and reaches the heart, one gets the vision of light..."

Even though it has reached the throat, the mind may come down again (from utterly unscrupulously consciousness - 75). One ought to be always alert. Only if the mind reaches the spot between the eyebrows need he have no more fear of a fall, the Supreme Self is so close."

() Ramakrishna himself admitted to us that meditation is not essential if bhakti is sought and properly followed. Therefore we are entitled to comment that Ramakrishna himself is not enough. The qualification needed for bhakti practices including detachment must still be developed.

() I do not meditate formally as I get the same experience at night before falling asleep and again in morning on awakening.

() You may find the solution of a personal problem if you give it enough time. But this solution may expose its own drawbacks or demerits or disadvantages and this^{is} itself become a new problem..

() I do not meditate formally as I get the
same experience at night before falling asleep and
again in morning on awakening.

() You may find the solution of a personal
problem if you give it enough time. But this coin-
cidence may expose the own drawbacks or benefits or
disadvantages and this itself become a new problem.

() It is often not easy to preserve one's calm amid provocative or passionfilled events but that is precisely what a philosopher must set himself to do.

() To cultivate an inner detachment frees him to some extent from bindings of anxiety which later can weigh heavily upon his feelings.

() At this stage of inner development take care of the Hara, Centre of Balance, by not moving abruptly and hastily but slowly and sedately. He should walk more gently than before among his fellows yet not less purposively or determinedly.

() The first thing to note about an attained philosopher is that he constantly stays in his innermost calm being, a condition generally reflected in his outermost active physical self.

() Friction and opposition cannot exist on this higher level where all is at peace.

() Advanced contemplation may lead to Revelation.

() Anger cannot upset his peace nor hate be projected towards someone else, virtue comes of itself and kindness is an inevitable attribute.

() It is often not easy to preserve one's calm and provocative or passionless events but that is precisely what a philosopher must not himself do.

() To cultivate an inner detachment from his to some extent from bindings of anxiety which later can weigh heavily upon his feelings.

() At this stage of inner development take care of the heart, Centre of Balance, by not moving abruptly and anxiously but slowly and steadily. He should walk more easily than before among his fellows yet not lose purposefulness or determination.

() The first thing to note about an attained philosopher is that he consciously stays in his innermost calm being, a condition generally reflected in his outward serene physical self.

() Friction and opposition cannot exist on this higher level where all is at peace.

() Advanced contemplation may lead to Revelation.

() Never cannot speak the peace nor have he projected towards someone else, virtue comes of itself and kindness is an inevitable attribute.

() Jesus saying: "Cast your burden on my shoulders and I will give you rest" means: "Cast aside your burden of attachments, desires, thoughts; then the real I-nature will alone be left, and you will have true peace, rest from the ego's heaviness."

() Present troubles are mentally put at a distance so that inner calm may be restored: then they can be more properly attended to.

() Men of fine sensitivity and high ideals do not usually feel at home in the atmosphere of active politics. They would need pressure or persuasion before acceptance of such involvement.

() Jesus saying: "Cast your burden on my shoulders and I will give you rest" means: "Cast aside your burden of attachments, desires, thoughts; then the feet I-ambure will come to rest, and you will have true peace, rest from the ego's heaviness."

() Present troubles are mental but at a distance so that inner calm may be restored; then they can be more properly attended to.

() Lack of the sensitivity and high ideals do not usually lead to harm in the atmosphere of active politics. They would need pressure or persecution before acceptance of such involvement.

() To remain in obscurity and to pass unnoted, assists inner peace. For the contrary attracts other persons, thoughts which beat against one's head and buzz in one's mind like flies - this is an annoyance.

() To remain in obscurity and to pass unnoted
 assists inner peace. For the contrary attracts other
 persons, thoughts which point against one's head
 and burn in one's mind like fires - this is an
 annoyance.

() We live in a spiritual world but do not identify it as such, do not know our own essence or being and hence are excluded from the world it inhabits.

() The illumined men wrote either out of their intellect or their intuition, sometimes for scrupulous academic scholars and sometimes for simple persons. A sage like Lao-Tse wrote for neither the one class or the other, for he put forward the deep paradoxes of life, but another man not less illumined may have provided foot^e-notes on nearly every page.

() In all of us there is this resplendent being dwelling in the deepest concealment, linking us with the Supreme Being.

() The extent of any other man's enlightenment is not easily measurable, much more in those cases where the other is no longer alive or has never been met.

() If in one way he feels remote from most of mankind, in another way he is far closer to them than the ordinary person.

() He has earned this peace, his strength, his knowledge.

() We live in a spiritual world but do not identify it as such, do not know our own essence or being and hence are excluded from the world of infinite.

() The illumined men wrote either out of their intellect or their intuition, sometimes for various purposes and sometimes for simple persons. A sage like Lao-tse wrote for neither the one class or the other, for he put forward the deeper purposes of life and another who had less illumined may have provided foot-notes on nearly every page.

() In all of us there is this tendency being twofold in the deepest concealment, linking us with the Supreme Being.

() The extent of any other man's enlightenment is not really comparable with ours in those cases where the other is no longer alive or has never been met.

() It is in one way he feels remote from most of mankind, in another way he is far closer to them than the ordinary person.

() He has earned this peace, his strength, his knowledge.

() He approaches the end of life with the wonderment that in youth it seemed an impossible or utterly remote event.

() How hard are those early struggles to keep unperturbed amid troubles, how natural it seems to the well-established sage.

() He is regarded as the embodiment of such a spirit, the incarnation of its virtues.

() After all it is the Overself which was the real Teacher of all the teachers themselves.

() The intellectual argues where the sage announces.

() His dependence is primarily not on other persons but on himself, on his innermost being.

() They are ideas which were not collected from others but were brought out of his own intimate higher level of consciousness.

() Is he to become a mere spectator of the human scene?

() Goodness is naturally allied to the truth, is the perfume of it exhaled without self-consciousness.

() He approaches the end of life with the
 understanding that in youth it seemed an impossible
 or utterly remote event.

() How hard are those early struggles to keep
 unperturbed and tranquil, how natural it seems
 to the well-satisfied sage.

() He is regarded as the embodiment of such a
 spirit, the incarnation of its virtues.

() After all it is the Overworld which was the
 real Teacher of all the teachers themselves.

() The intellectual argues where the sage
 announces.

() His dependence is primarily not on other
 persons but on himself, on his innermost being.

() They are those which were not collected from
 others but were brought out of his own intimate
 higher level of consciousness.

() Is he become a mere spectator of the
 human world?

() Foolishness is naturally allied to the truth,
 in the sphere of its existence without self-conscious-

() There is no need for sensational psychic phenomena; because consciously or unconsciously you love being Being, therefore you have taken to the Quest.

() The paradoxal teaching of Lao-Tse is more easily understood through the teaching of his most important disciple Chuang-Tse. The style of one is terse and succinct whereas that of the other is diffuse and extended.

() There is no need for emotional psychic phenomena, because consciously or unconsciously you love being better, therefore you have taken to the quest.

() The personal teaching of Lao-Tse is more easily understood through the teaching of his most important disciple Chuang-Tse. The style of one is terse and succinct whereas that of the other is dilute and extended.

Sahaja Samadhi

Sahaja samadhi is not broken into intervals, is permanent, and involves no special effort. Its arising is instantaneous and without progressive stages. It can accompany daily activity without interfering with it. It is a settled calm and complete inner quiet.

There are no distinguishing marks that an outside observer can use to identify a sahaja-conscious man because sahaja represents consciousness itself rather than its transitory states.

Sahaja has been called the lightening flash. Philosophy considers it to be the most desirable goal.

This is illustrated with a classic instance of Indian spirituality involving a king named Janaka. One day he was about to mount his horse and put one foot into the stirrup which hung from the saddle. As he was about to lift himself upwards into the saddle the 'lightening flash' struck his consciousness. He was instantly carried away and concentrated so deeply that he failed for some time to lift himself up any higher. From that day onwards he lived in sahaja samadhi which was always present within him.

Those at the state of achieved sahaja are under no compulsion to continue to meditate any

more or practice yoga. They often do either because of inclinations produced by past habits or as a means of helping other persons. In either case it is experienced as a pleasure. Because this consciousness is permanent, the experiencer does not need to go into meditation. This is despite the outward appearance of a person who places himself in the posture of meditation in order to achieve something.

When you are engaged in outward activity it is not the same as when you are in a trance. This is true for both the beginner and the adept. The adept, however, does not lose the sahaja awareness which he has achieved and can withdraw into the depths of consciousness which the ordinary cannot do.

Indian spirituality involving a King named Janaka. One day he was about to mount his horse and put one foot into the stirrup which hung from the saddle. As he was about to lift himself upwards into the saddle the lightning flash struck his consciousness. He was instantly carried away and concentrated so deeply that he failed for sometime time to lift himself up any higher. From that day onwards he lived in sahaja samadhi which was always present within him. These are the stages of subdued states and under no condition to continue to meditate any

() If he has to meet someone who is regarded as a sage, he may quickly feel the stillness surrounding the man. If they sit down together and he feels disinclined to break the silence it would be better not to do it but to take it as a signal to flout convention and let the initiative ~~be~~ taken by the sage himself.

() He is not a guru, so he does not take anyone under his care. But he is ever ready to give ^{to} others if the Power bids him give inner help.

() A true sage is more often than not unhurried in manner ^{and} slow in speech and eye-movement.

() If he has to meet someone who is regarded as a sage, he may quickly feel the stiffness arising from the man. If they sit down together and he feels distinguished to break the silence it would be better not to do it but to take it as a signal to finish conversation and let the initiative taken by the sage himself.

() He is not a guru, so he does not take anyone under his care. But he is ever ready to give others if the lower side has five inner beings.

() A true sage is more often than not unburdened in conversation in speech and eye-movement.

() John Burroughs

Serene I fold my hands and wait,
 I rave no more 'gainst time nor fate,
 For lo! my own shall come to me.
 I stay my haste, I make delays,
 For what avails this eager pace?
 I stand amid the eternal ways,
 And what is mine shall know my face,
 What matter if I stand alone?
 The waters know their own and draw
 The brook that springs in yonder heights.
 So flows the good with equal law
 Unto the soul of pure delights.
 The stars come nightly to the sky;
 The tidal wave comes to the sea.
 Nor time, nor space, nor deep, nor high,
 Can keep my own away from me.

~~Finis~~

XXV () Only what the mind gives him now is alive and real for him.

XXV () The sage does not need to pray for anyone nor does the other person even need to know that the sage has thought about or remembered him. For we are all held within the World-Mind. But if the sage does not think of the person, the latter must believe, or remember, or ask, for think of the sage if help is sought.

() () John Burroughs

Gerene I fold my hands and wait,
I have no more 'gainst time nor fate,
For lo! my own shall come to me.
I stay my haste, I make delays,
For what avails this eager pace?
I stand amid the eternal ways,
And what is mine shall know my face,
What matter if I stand alone?
The waters know their own and draw
The brook that springs in yonder heights.
So flows the good with equal law
Unto the soul of pure delights.
The stars come nightly to the sky;
The tidal wave comes to the sea.
Nor time, nor space, nor deep, nor high,
Can keep my own away from me.

() () Only what the mind gives him now is alive
and real for him.

() () The sage does not need to pray for anyone
nor does the other person even need to know that
the sage has thought about or remembered him. For
we are all held within the World-Mind. But if the
sage does not think of the person, the latter must
believe, or remember, or ask, for think of the sage if
help is sought.

- () They look at our animal origin and become incredulous of a spiritual origin or destiny.
- () Is there any merit in opposing one against the other, Yin against Yang, when both are needed?
- () The truth is ever here, whether unwritten and bodiless or scripted and described. The image of it can be looked at by other generations long afterwards, but the reality of it remains always in the World-Idea and is never lost.
- () Out of Essence, which is Mind we came, descended, lost the best to gain the worst. Now we climb upward, evolving through the four planes. Why all this? He alone knows.
- () The World-Idea contains so many combinations of pattern⁹ and characteristic that the possibility of living human creatures duplicating one another during the same historic epoch is non-existent.
- () World-Mind has projected a world which It has itself imagined.
- () All animals must reincarnate but men may take to the Quest and with time stop the process.

() They look at our animal origin and become
 incredulous of a spiritual origin or destiny.

() His there any merit in opposing one against
 the other, Yin against Yang, when both are needed?

() The truth is ever here, whether unwritten
 and hidden or scripted and described. The image
 of it can be looked at by other generations long
 afterwards, but the reality of it remains always
 in the World-Idea and is never lost.

() Out of Essence, which is Mind we came,
 descended, lost the best to gain the worst. Now
 we climb upward, evolving through the last planes.
 Why all this? He alone knows.

() The World-Idea contains no many conditions
 of pattern, and characteristic that the possibility
 of living human creatures habitating one another
 during the same historic epoch is non-existent.

() World-Mind has projected a world which it has
 itself imagined.

() All animals must retiremate but man may take
 to the Quest and with time stop the process.

() "Something must have existed from eternity else the things which now are must have arisen without cause."

Samuel Clarke's "Demonstration of the Being and Attributes of God."

() The brutality of Nature is certainly present but so is its beauty. If the piranha-fish devours any live creature mercilessly the lark flies delightedly.

() Our world is but a fleeting symbol, yet we may not disdain it. For it is the arched entrance under which we must pass through to the infinite life.

() The conventional picture of what a man attuned to God is like needs to be revised.

() Our world is but a fleeting symbol, yet we
 may not disdain it. For it is the archetypal entrance
 under which we must pass through to the infinite
 life.

() The conventional picture of what a man
 ascribed to God is like needs to be revised.

() World-Mind is doing its works by providing the basic materials and necessary energies.

() What is in itself and at once assembled as the highest concept of human beings, the greatest power ruling existence, the supreme Mind before which all other minds must bow, the primal consciousness which outlives every form of existence because IT alone is, was and shall be? There is no name attached to it; this ineffable silent mystery of mysteries. Yet it is there. Everything tells us so from the vast universe itself to those seers and sages of ancient Greece India and China who have broken through and away from human limitations. Can we wonder that with one God there came one energy and one substance?

() He who made the world still upholds it. He rules the entire universe, this great Being and regulates the karmic destinies of men.

() There is a wisdom within the cosmos, beyond our telling or knowing, but we may feel its presence in tranquil moments if we turn in reverence to it or in remembrance of it.

() The Mind is doing its work by providing
the basic materials and necessary energies.

() What is in itself and at once assembled as
the highest concept of human beings, the present
power ruling existence, the supreme Mind which
which all other minds must bow, the primal conscious-
ness which outlives every form of existence because
It alone is, was and shall be. There is no name
attached to it; this is the silent mystery of
universe. Yet it is there. Everything tells us so
from the vast universe itself to those stars and
stars of ancient Greece India and China who have
broken through and away from human limitations. Can
we wonder that with one foot there came one energy
and one substance?

() He who made the world still upholds it. He
rules the entire universe, this great being and
transcends the karma bondage of man.

() There is a wisdom within the cosmos, beyond
our telling or knowing, but we may feel its presence
in tranquil moments if we turn in reverence to it or
in remembrance of it.

() Mind as such is unconcerned with any world. It is without any limits and could not be confined in any form.

() Mind is the essence of all manifested things as World-Mind and the Mystery behind unmanifest Nothing.

() Non-duality simply means that there is nothing other than the unseen Power, nothing else, no universe, no creature.

() The poverty and limitation of human language in this matter, however rich in most other references, makes it necessary to warn the users and readers of words to be careful here. There can only be clues, hints, traces.

() Mind as such is unconcerned with any world.
It is without any limits and could not be confined
in any form.

() Mind in the sense of all material things
as body-mind and the mystery behind universal
nothing.

() Non-duality simply means that there is
nothing other than the unseen Power, nothing else,
no duality, no creature.

() The poverty and limitation of human language
in this matter however rich in most other references,
makes it necessary to warn the users and readers of
words to be careful here. There can only be clues,
hints, traces.

() There is no other, no thing, no experience
of an object for it. It is alone in the Void.

() There is no other, no thing, no experience
of an object for it. It is alone in the Void.

Avis personnel

*Nouveaux cours
pour débutants de*

Dactylographie

avec correspondance commerciale

Ces prochains jours débiteront à nouveau les sympathiques cours SCHEIDEGGER pour les habitants de

VEVEY

L'occasion idéale pour votre amélioration professionnelle ou un changement de profession. Jeunes et adultes apprenez la dactylographie chez SCHEIDEGGER avec garantie de succès. Profitez de cette occasion unique!

* Petites classes

* Inutile d'acheter une machine

* Professeur aimable

* Diplôme final selon désir

*SANS OBLIGATION ET SANS ENGAGEMENT DE VOTRE PART,
vous pouvez nous retourner le talon ci-dessous à l'adresse mentionnée ci-après, dans les 5 jours.
Ceci vous permettra de recevoir une information gratuite, complète et détaillée sur nos cours de
dactylographie SCHEIDEGGER.*



Scheidegger sa

SCHEIDEGGER SA
Ecole de dactylographie
Ancienne Douane 4, 1000 Lausanne 4
Tél. 021/221245

DACTYLOGRAPHIE

P-2543/1



Veillez me donner tous les renseignements sur votre cours de dactylographie, sans aucun engagement de ma part.

Nom et prénom *Mme* _____
Mlle _____
M. _____
Localité _____
Rue _____ Tél. _____

